

A Yeo Family of Ireland

being

The Ancestors & Descendants of Henry Yeo of Dublin born ca 1777

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Introduction

This report presents the results of some research into a branch of the Yeo family in Ireland, and in particular the ancestors and descendants of Henry Yeo and his wife Martha nee Byrne – though as will be seen, while we can document his descendants in some detail, Henry’s ancestry is uncertain.

In previous research undertaken by the late Sheila Yeo, she suggested that Henry was a descendant of the line of William Yeo and his wife Agnes nee Savarie of Exeter - and in particular that he was the son of William Yeo born ca 1750 in Plymouth and his wife Martha nee Duer. The latter were married in Chichester in 1776, and since Henry’s age at death puts his estimated y.o.b. as 1777, purely from a timing viewpoint that would be coherent with William & Martha’s marriage. However, we find no baptism for Henry in Chichester, Plymouth or indeed elsewhere. Moreover, although in his will of 1808 William made a provision for any children who might be born of their marriage, he mentioned none by name. Likewise, in her will of 1811 Martha left no bequests to any children either. That is not necessarily conclusive evidence they had no children – such offspring could have been provided for outside the wills or might simply have been considered unworthy of a legacy – but it does cast a shadow of doubt on William & Martha as Henry’s parents.

The present authors have undertaken extensive research into the Irish sources, which have allowed us to develop a detailed picture of Henry’s descendants. However, while they yield some tantalising clues, the records are insufficient for us to resolve completely the uncertainty surrounding Henry’s ancestry. The earliest reference we find to Yeo’s is the will from 1663 of James Yeo, hatband maker of Dublin. Another is the grant in Armagh in 1677 of the administration of the effects of Humphrey Yeo Gent of Shebbers (Shebbear ??) County Devon (sic) to his sister Jane Yeo, spinster. (We should note here that there are records of two burials of Humphrey Yeo in Shebbear in the preceding decades – possibly the deceased’s forebears ??) We then find no further record of Yeo’s in Ireland until the marriage of John Yeo parish clerk to Nichola Hamilton in Dublin in 1730.

These early references are probably too remote to postulate a direct link to Henry born some 100 years later. But together with the sparse number of local records – though that could be due to loss or destruction – this raises the issue of whether this Yeo family was “indigenous” to Ireland. The 17th & 18th centuries were a time of great upheaval in Ireland in particular because of religious discrimination against the Catholic and Presbyterian communities. Eventually, the rebellion of 1798 led to the Act of Union under which the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland was established with

effect from 1 January 1801. Other research into the roots of the wider Yeo family typically leads back to south-west England and the counties of Devon, Cornwall and Somerset. So while we cannot rule out that the origins of this Yeo family lie in Ireland itself, it also seems possible that Henry or more likely a near ancestor “migrated” from south-west England to Ireland at a time when the government in London was seeking to assert greater control there.

Towards the end of the 18th century we find a further Yeo record in the Dublin City Archive of “Ancient Freemen of Dublin”. The archive lists those granted the Freedom of the City, which conferred on the holder the right to vote as well as certain other rights and duties. Religious discrimination at times meant Protestants were more likely to receive this award, which was granted by service, by birth or on limited other grounds. The archive records that Henry Yeo, carpenter was created a Freeman in 1770 for **service** with Thomas Harston, presumably through an apprenticeship. This is the first record which *might* point towards a family unit.

For the same archive also records the award **by birth** to other Yeo’s, viz John 1795; Henry 1804; Thomas & Gerald 1807; and Hartley 1818. They were each listed as carpenters, though subsequent records confirm Henry became a senior office holder in the legal system, and Hartley a confidential clerk in the Exchequer. We might speculate that since they were inducted on the grounds of **birth**, it was their **father’s occupation** which was included in their registration, as they themselves were not tradesmen or members of a guild.

Moreover, at the same period we also find a “cluster” of marriages in Dublin, viz Henry 1807; Thomas 1807; and Hartley 1809. There were also three Yeo brides viz Frances 1802; Elizabeth 1800; and Elizabeth 1804. We should note here that the two contemporary marriages of Elizabeth suggest there may have been two Yeo families in Dublin at this time. On the basis that having reached “full age” was a pre-requisite for the award of Freeman, and a similar age for marriage too, we can infer those so honoured and/or married were born in a range for which Henry the Freeman of 1770 would be a credible father.

So while we cannot be certain, the present authors contend that there is sufficient circumstantial evidence here to suggest that Henry born ca 1777 was probably **NOT** the son of William & Martha Yeo as was previously proposed. We further contend that is more likely that the said Henry and other Yeo’s granted the Freedom of Dublin and cited in those marriages records are the sons and daughters of Henry the Freeman of 1770. With that caveat, we have included Henry the Freeman of 1770 as the father and single ancestor of Henry b 1777, and Freemen of the “cluster” as the latter’s siblings in the descendant report which follows.

What is beyond reasonable doubt is that Henry was born ca 1777 and married Martha Byrne in Dublin on 20 July 1807 when he was about 30. As will be seen, Henry was engaged in public service – initially in connection with the Harbour Board at Howth, Dublin and later in the legal field. He and Martha were to have seven children. Some of his descendants followed Henry into public service in Ireland and rose to very senior posts in the judiciary. While some descendants maintained a continuous family presence in Ireland throughout the 19th century, we trace the travels of others to England, South Africa, Australia and India where they or their spouses forged careers in public service, medicine, the church, finance, engineering, trade, music - and not least the military where some would give their lives in the service of their country.

The following descendant report thus covers a single ancestor for Henry, ie his presumed father, and four generations of his descendants, by and large coming down to the first quarter of the 20th century – thus to around the creation of the Irish Free State in 1922, though this is simply coincidence rather than a purposely selected “cut-off” date. The authors have **NOT** sought to take their research into this branch down to the present day to establish if descendants of Henry are still resident in Ireland.

The authors wish to acknowledge the early research by Sheila Yeo which identified Henry, and the valuable contribution to this latest extensive research by Martyn Yeo and Claire Tobin. As far as we are aware, this is the first time a commentary on this Yeo family in Ireland has been published in the public domain. The authors would be pleased to hear from other researchers interested in this branch

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Descendants of Henry Yeo Freeman of the city of Dublin 1770

Generation 1

1. **HENRY¹ YEO** was born about 1745. He died after 1784.

Notes for Henry Yeo:

1770: As noted in the Introduction to this report, we have no record of Henry's birth or baptism. However, we do have a firm record of Henry Yeo, carpenter, being awarded the Freedom of the City of Dublin in 1770 on the grounds of "service with Thomas Harston". Originally instituted in the 13th C, "Freedom" was in effect citizenship. Freeman had the right to vote, were exempt from many tolls and taxes, were subject to the laws of Dublin - and had the duty to take up arms to defend the city when attacked. The most common method of qualification for the award was by "service", completing an apprenticeship in one of the Dublin trade guilds. We might assume that Henry qualified through completing an apprenticeship with Thomas Harston. (Dublin City Council Libraries & Archive, Ancient Freeman of Dublin accessed via Internet)

A limited number of other methods of becoming a Freeman included by birth and marriage, whereby sons and sons-in-law of Freeman could qualify. As will be seen, some of Henry's presumed sons qualified in this way - and his presumed daughters' marriage prospects may have been enhanced thereby. From 1690 until 1841, holders of the freedom of Dublin were members of the established Protestant church, the Church of Ireland.

Since Freeman were accorded voting rights, it seems likely that those appointed were above the age of majority, which implies Henry was probably born in the 1740's though whether in Dublin or elsewhere, we cannot determine.

We find no record of a marriage for Henry. Given that he had a presumed son John also made Freeman in 1795 hence born pre-1774, it seems likely that Henry married in the early 1770's, perhaps at or just after he was made a Freeman.

1783: Henry Yeo carpenter is listed in the Treble Almanac for Dublin, residence Chapel Alley

1784: Henry Yeo appeared in newspaper article listing the Master, Warden & Brethren of the Corporation of Carpenters of the City of Dublin who confirmed the safety and security of Robert Owenson's City Theatre in Fishamble Street, Dublin. This was apparently to distinguish the building from the Grove Room in Dublin, which had recently collapsed. We find no death or burial record for Henry, who must have died post 1784.

Henry Yeo had the following children:

- i. **JOHN² YEO** was born before 1774 in Dublin. He died in 1809 in Dublin.

Generation 1 (cont.)

Notes for John Yeo:

1795: John Yeo appears in a list of Freemen of the City of Dublin, entry in Midsummer 1795 (one of four entry points in the calendar). John's entry was by birth and his occupation as carpenter. John was probably in his majority then, hence born before 1774. The cited occupation of carpenter was probably that of his father as records show that John later held an important position in the justice service. (see below and also notes for his father Henry)

1805/1809: An official report states that in 1809, Henry Yeo was verbally appointed as seal-keeper (ie of the seal for official documents) "on the death of his brother who had been seal-keeper from 1805 to his death". No forename is cited for the said brother, but it seems reasonable to assume it was John Yeo, appointed Freeman some 9 years before Henry. (Reports from Commissioners, Ireland; Education, Courts of Justice, Auditing, Public Accounts: Session 21 Jan - 13 July 1819 (sic); Parliamentary Papers Vol 12, Appendix p 47

We cannot be certain it was John who was the previous keeper of the seal There are insufficient records to be totally certain

2.
 - ii. HENRY YEO was born about 1777 in Dublin. He died on 28 Nov 1864 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. He married Martha Byrne on 20 Jul 1807 in St Paul, Dublin.
 - iii. FRANCES YEO was born about 1781 in Dublin. She died on 07 Jan 1840 in Shillelagh, Wicklow. She married Israel Sharp Berkitt, son of Henry Berkitt and Mary Sharp, in 1802. He was born in 1781 in Liverpool. He died in 1835 in Dublin.

Notes for Frances Yeo:

1802: We find no birth or baptism record for Frances, though in a list of Dublin marriage licences we find that granted to Israel Birkett and Frances Yeo in 1802. If Frances was of full age at marriage, she was born pre-1781.

1840: We find a record of the death of Frances, widow of Israel Birkett of Dawson St. Dublin, in Sillelagh, Wicklow on 7th Jan 1840 as recorded in a local newspaper clip

Notes for Israel Sharp Berkitt:

Generation 1 (cont.)

1781: A family tree shows that Israel Sharp Birkett was the son of Henry Birkett and his second wife Mary Sharp, the daughter of Israel & Sarah Sharp of Dublin. Israel was one of seven children born to Henry & Mary. The family tree states that Israel was “disowned” in 1802, a fate that also befell his younger sister Catherine in 1814. It appears that Israel came from a family of Quakers, for in a register of the Society, an entry from the men’s monthly meeting of 12 October 1802 states that Israel was “guilty of the sin of fornication”, as a result of which the members were “concerned to deny the said Israel Birkett to be any longer a member of our religious society”.

1835: Israel died about 1835 as his name with residence Dawson Street Dublin appears in a list of prerogative wills for that year, though we find no copy of the will itself. (Public Record Office of Ireland, Index to Prerogative Wills)

- iv. GERALD YEO was born before 1786 in Dublin.

Notes for Gerald Yeo:

1807: Gerald Yeo appears in a list of Freemen of the City of Dublin, entry in Michaelmas 1807 (one of four entry points in the calendar). Gerald’s entry was by birth and his occupation as carpenter. Gerald was probably in his majority then, hence born before 1786. The cited occupation of carpenter was probably that of his father. (see also notes for his father Henry). We find no further marriage or burial record for Gerald. We should note here that Henry & Martha named one of their sons Gerald - perhaps coincidence, but perhaps named after Henry’s sibling - see notes for Henry & Martha below.

1809 Gerald Yeo Esq, Deputy Serjeant at Arms (sic), Court of Exchequer. (*The Gentleman's and Citizen's Almanack by John Watson Stewart 1809*)

- v. THOMAS YEO was born before 1786 in Dublin. He married (1) ELIZABETH WALSH in 1807 in Dublin. She died before 03 Jun 1814 in Dublin. He married (2) SUSANNAH BELL on 03 Jun 1814 in Dublin.

Notes for Thomas Yeo:

1807: Thomas Yeo appears in a list of Freemen of the City of Dublin, entry in Michaelmas (ie September) 1807 (one of four entry points in the

Generation 1 (cont.)

calendar). Thomas' entry was by birth and his occupation noted as carpenter. Thomas was probably in his majority then, hence born before 1786. The cited occupation of carpenter was probably that of his father. (see also notes for his father Henry)

Thomas appears in a list of marriage licenses issued in Dublin in 1807. We duly find the record of the marriage of Thomas Yeo "of Parliament St Dublin" and Elizabeth Walsh of the parish of St Mary in Dublin on 27 Nov 1807. It appears Elizabeth died prematurely, as we find a further marriage of Thomas Yeo to Susannah Bell in Dublin on 3 June 1814. We find no death or burial record for Thomas.

1808: Thomas Yeo gent served as Seal-keeper in the Court of Kings Bench when the Lord Chief Justice was the Rt Hon William Downes. (*The Gentleman's & Citizen's Almanack by James Watson Stewart from 1808, p 71*)

1809 Thomas was listed as the seal-keeper in the Law Courts of the Court of Kings Bench Office in Kings Inns, Merion Square, Dublin where the Lord Chief Justice was the Rt. Hon. Wlm. Downes L.L.D. (see also notes for Henry b1777 above) (*The Gentleman's and Citizen's Almanack by John Watson Stewart 1809*)

1811 Thomas was also listed as the seal-keeper in the Law Courts of the Court of Kings Bench Office in Kings Inns, Merion Square, Dublin where the Lord Chief Justice was the Rt. Hon. Wlm. Downes L.L.D. (see also notes for Henry b1777 above) (*The British Imperial Calendar and Civil Service List 1811 compiled by B.P.Capper*)

- vi. HARTLEY YEO was born before 1788 in Dublin. He died before 01 Jun 1820 in Dublin. He married Jane Salmon on 19 Sep 1809 in Dublin.

Notes for Hartley Yeo:

1809: We find the record of the marriage of Hartley Yeo of Capel St. Dublin and Jane Salmon of the parish of St Mary, Dublin on 19 Sept 1809. Assuming Hartley was of full age, he was born before 1788.

1818: Hartley Yeo appears in a list of Freemen of the City of Dublin, entry in Michaelmas (ie September) 1818 (one of four entry points in the calendar). Hartley's entry was by birth and his occupation noted as carpenter. The original record reads that "Hartley Yeo of the City of Dublin carpenter to be admitted &c by birth **being the son of Henry Yeo who came in at Christmas 1770 by service**". The cited occupation

Generation 1 (cont.)

of carpenter was probably that of his father as later records show Hartley worked as a confidential clerk. (see below & also notes for his father Henry)

This record would appear to show that Hartley was the last and perhaps youngest child of Henry when maybe the rules changed and the father was named in the records - the ONLY evidence we actually have of Henry being the father of any or all of the siblings we have listed here

1820: Hartley was to enjoy the benefits of the Freedom of Dublin for only two years. On 1 June 1820, Joseph Farran of the Pleas Exchequer in Dublin wrote to William H Gregory, Under-Secretary for Ireland at Dublin Castle, requesting an additional period of time to transmit accounts “due to the death of his confidential clerk Hartley Yeo”. Based on our estimated job, Hartley was only in his early 40’s at death. (National Archives of Ireland doc ref CSO/RP/1820/413)

Generation 2

2. **HENRY² YEO** (Henry¹) was born about 1777 in Dublin. He died on 28 Nov 1864 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. He married Martha Byrne on 20 Jul 1807 in St Paul, Dublin.

Notes for Henry Yeo:

1777: As noted in the Introduction to this report, Henry’s ancestry has an element of uncertainty. We have found no birth or baptism for him in Ireland or elsewhere, though we do find the record of his death aged 87 - hence an estimated year of birth of 1777. As we have set out in the Introduction, the present authors contend that on the circumstantial evidence it seems likely that Henry was the son of Henry Yeo made Freeman in 1770. In contrast to the paucity of records and hence uncertainty around his birth, fortunately the Irish sources allow us to establish his marriage & children, career and descendants in some detail and with a high degree of confidence, as set out below.

1804: Henry Yeo appears in a list of Freemen of the City of Dublin, entry in Michaelmas (ie September) 1804 (one of four entry points in the calendar). Hartley’s entry was by birth and his occupation noted as carpenter. Henry was then in his late 20’s which suggests that Freemen were appointed some years after they had reached the age of majority. The cited occupation of carpenter was probably that of his father as later records show Henry held an important position in public service and in the courts. (see below & also notes for his father Henry)

1807: Henry Yeo and Martha Byrne were married by licence on 20 June in St Pauls,

Generation 2 (cont.)

Church of Ireland, Co Dublin. Martha was to bear him seven children

1808: H Yeo Esq was listed as Clerk to the First Commissioner in the Inland Department of His Majesty's Revenue. The said First Commissioner for Inland Excise & Taxes was named as the Rt Hon Earl Annesley. This was almost certainly Richard, 2nd Earl Annesley who succeeded to the title on the death in 1802 of his brother Francis Charles, 1st Earl Annesley. This is the earliest listing we found of Henry in public service - the only earlier directory we have found dates from 1800 and lists NO Yeo's then in government service in Ireland, though they may have held posts too junior to merit mention. We might speculate that Henry's entry to this position may have been helped by his marriage to Martha the previous year (see her personal notes). We might further speculate that Henry named his first son Arthur Annesley Yeo as a mark of respect for the First Commissioner, Henry perhaps having benefitted from his patronage.

He was also listed as Clerk of the Rules and Deputy Sergeant at Arms. (*The Gentleman's & Citizen's Almanack by James Watson Stewart from 1800 and from 1808, p 110 & 111*)

1809 H Yeo Esq, Clerk to the First Commission, Commissioners of HM Revenue, Inland Excise & Taxes. (*The Gentleman's and Citizen's Almanack by John Watson Stewart 1809*)

1809: An official report states that in 1809, Henry Yeo was verbally appointed as seal-keeper (ie of the seal for official documents) "on the death of his brother who had been seal-keeper from 1805 until his death". No forename is cited for the said brother, but it seems reasonable to assume the deceased brother was John Yeo, appointed Freeman some 9 years before Henry. (Reports from Commissioners, Ireland; Education, Courts of Justice, Auditing, Public Accounts: Session 21 Jan - 13 July 1819 (sic); Parliamentary Papers Vol 12, Appendix p 47)

1812

1811/1823: Henry served as Secretary to the Howth Harbour Commissioners during which time a new harbour was to be constructed, designed by the famous civil engineer John Rennie, to accommodate the steam packets conveying the royal mail probably from Holyhead. The National Archives of Ireland OPW/8/HOW/ series has a catalogue of almost two thousand (sic) letters written by and to Henry during this period. Collectively they cover a wide range of matters of land purchase, supply of vessels and materials for and construction of the works, including correspondence with Rennie and with the House of Commons in London. The following is a typical citation:

Generation 2 (cont.)

TITLE: Henry Yeo, Customs House, Dublin: on appointment of harbour master for Howth, County Dublin

Scope and Content: Letter from Henry Yeo, secretary of Howth Harbour Commissioners, Customs House, Dublin, to Sir Edward B Baker, Military Secretary, Dublin Castle, enclosing copy of letter from Robert Peel on appointment of harbour master for Howth, County Dublin, and extract of letter from John Rennie on necessary qualifications for post; emphasises urgency of making the appointment as harbour is soon to be opened to receive mail packets. Extent: 3 items; 7pp Date(s): 17 Feb 1818-25 May 1818 Date Early 1818 Date Late:1818 (National Archives of Ireland ref CSO/RP/1818/291)

1815/1824: It appears that Henry's role as Secretary to the Howth Harbour Commissioners was NOT a full time position. It appears he was an Attorney who also acted as Clerk of the Rules in the Pleas Exchequer Office in Dublin, as the following record of Henry seeking due remuneration for services rendered implies:

Letter from Henry Yeo, clerk of the rules, Pleas Exchequer Office, Dublin, to Henry Goulburn, Chief Secretary, Dublin Castle, outlining claim to payment of compensation for past labour of office 'at the rate of £800 p[er] annum', 14 February 1824. Encloses copy letter from Robert Peel [Chief Secretary, 1812-1818], conveying detail of stipulations laid down in respect of fees due to Yeo, 11 November 1816. Also encloses account [marked No.1] indicating balance due to Yeo of £1,615 18s 3½d; also encloses account [marked No.2] indicating balance due to Yeo of £1,218 10s 5½d. Also letter from Joseph Farran, clerk of the pleas, to Goulburn, making reference to earlier communication and emphasising claims of officers of the Court of Exchequer to redress in proposed bill to regulate the courts of law in Ireland. Encloses petition from Yeo to the knights, citizens and burgesses in Parliament assembled requesting his claim for remuneration for past duties performed in office be recognised in the bill now before parliament, 18 March 1824. Also printed copy of case of Farran, Yeo and Richard Patten, late clerk of the satisfactions, with opinion of Thomas Lefroy, 1st sergeant at law, and Francis Blackburne, King's Council, on remuneration claims of officers of the Court of Exchequer, 30 April 1822. Also letter from Yeo to Charles Grant [Chief Secretary of Ireland, 1818-1821] seeking attention to claim for fees for work performed, 1 May 1821. Also copy memorial from Patten and Yeo to Richard Wellesley, 1st Marquis Wellesley, Lord Lieutenant, Dublin Castle, requesting advance of monies claimed for past duties, 13 March 1822. (National Archives of Ireland doc ref CSO/RP/1824/1541)

1818: Henry Yeo appears regularly in directories of Dublin, as the following examples show. He was listed as an Attorney, Clerk to the Rules in the Pleas Side of the Exchequer. (The Treble Almanac, 1818)

Generation 2 (cont.)

1820: Henry Yeo, Dates: 1801-1825 Location: Town: Dublin. County/Colonial: Ireland Manchester Occupation: attorney Address: 6, Summer Hill Dublin

1837: Henry Yeo was living at Ivy Lodge in Philipsburgh Avenue Clondarf in the street directory, near where his sons Arthur Annesley Yeo and Charles Oldham Yeo were also living a couple of streets away. (*Gentleman's and Citizen's Almanac*)

1851/3: At his son Charles' two marriages - civil and church - to Gertude Ellen King, his father was named as Henry Yeo Gentleman

1852: At the marriage of his son Thomas Frederick Yeo to Matilda Douglas, the groom's father was recorded as Henry Yeo, Gentleman 1855 At his son Gerald's marriage to Amelia Dorcas Douglas daughter of Robert Douglas His father was named as Henry Yeo, Gentleman

1864: Henry Yeo widower died at Uplands, Monkstown, County Dublin on 28 November aged 87 - a calculated y.o.b. of 1777.

1865: 12th January The will of Henry Yeo late of Uplands, Monkstown in the County of Dublin Esquire deceased who died 28th November 1864 at same place was proved at the Principal Registry by the oaths of Henry Yeo of Howth in said County and Thomas Frederick Yeo of Upland aforesaid Esquires, Executors (Two of his sons) Effects under £1500 though there is a pencilled note in the copy of the index record that says under £2000 with a date of 1883.

Notes for Martha Byrne:

We have found no baptism record for Martha. If she was of full age at marriage in 1807, she was born pre-1786. We have found a possible clue to her identity. In 1800, one Gerald Byrne Gt (= Gent) served as Clerk of the Rules in the Law or Pleas Office in the Court of Exchequer, when the Chancellor was then Rt Hon Isaac Corry. Gerald also served in the same role in 1808, when the Chancellor was the Rt Hon John Foster. Henry would later hold this same role. As we have commented in Henry's notes, one might speculate whether Martha may have been the daughter of Gerald Byrne, and if so whether her father's senior position in the court establishment may have helped Henry's entry into the government's court service and subsequent succession as Clerk of the Rules. (*The Gentleman's & Citizen's Almanack by James Watson Stewart of from 1800 p 84 and 1808 p 73*)

Footnote: The authors would welcome any further information regarding Martha's family and/or any of the Yeo appointments in the court service.

Generation 2 (cont.)

Henry Yeo and Martha Byrne had the following children:

3. i. ARTHUR ANNESLEY³ YEO was born about 1808 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 26 Sep 1839 in Dublin. He married Maria Frances Oldham, daughter of John Oldham, on 15 Sep 1832 in St. Thomas's Church, Dublin. She was born about 1810. She died on 27 Nov 1842 in Dublin.
4. ii. HENRY YEO was born about 1816 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 28 May 1897 in Howth, Dublin. He married (1) JANE ANNE FERNS, daughter of Captain Ferns, in 1840 in Ireland. He married (2) MARY FRANCES READ, daughter of John Nixon Read, on 05 Mar 1878 in Weston, Somerset. She was born about 1835. She died after 1897.
- iii. MARY ELISABETH YEO was born about 1817 in Howth, Dublin. She died on 22 Jan 1865 in St Kilda, Port Phillip City, Victoria, Australia. She married Richard Annesley Billing, son of Capt. William Billing, in Jun 1838 in Drumcondra, Clonturk, Dublin. He was born about 1814. He died on 21 Jun 1882 in Caulfield, Victoria, Australia.

Notes for Mary Elisabeth Yeo:

First identified in the Limerick Chronicle 23rd June 1838 The Marriage of Richard of Beresford Place and Mary d/o Henry Yeo Esq of Phillipsburgh Avenue

Buried at St Kilda, Port Phillip City, Victoria, Australia

Notes for Richard Annesley Billing:

Richard Billing began his legal career in Ireland where he was called to the bar in 1839. He was co-author with Henry Yeo - more likely his father-in-law than his brother-in-law - of a standard reference work "The Practice of the Pleas Side of the Court of Exchequer in Ireland in Personal Actions and Ejectments", advertised in the Dublin Evening Packet of 19 Nov 1844. Richard moved to Australia in 1856, and in early 1858 he was appointed as one of two lecturers in the Faculty of Law at the University of Melbourne. (University of Melbourne website). He died in 1882, his life summarised in his obituary in the Melbourne Argus quoted in full below:

His first marriage to Mary Elisabeth Yeo produced no children.

1865: Shortly after Mary Elisabeth's death, Richard re-married to a widow Williamina Owen nee Walsh on the 23rd December 1865 at Caulfield, Victoria, Australia. It transpires that Richard & Williamina

Generation 2 (cont.)

were first cousins. Williamina was to bear him one son, also Richard Annesley Billing, born on 20 June 1868 and baptised on 18 July 1868 at Caulfield, Victoria. The Billing family were established at a large property known as Sylliott Hill, a measure of their prosperity, and it appears Richard left his wife and son in a very comfortable situation.

Williamina may have been somewhat younger than Richard, as she was to outlive him by over 20 years. She made her will on 15 October 1890, of which we have a later transcript. She made provision for the income of her estate to accrue to her Trustees and to be paid to their son Richard with a caveat for her residual estate to go to the Melbourne Hospital. She appointed as her Executors the Trustees, Executors and Agency Company of Melbourne. Wilhelmina died in Sydney on 23 Jan 1904. Probate of her will was granted on 19 Nov 1907 to the nominated Executors - the value of her personal estate a mere £35. Richard junior did not long outlive his mother - he died in poverty in Sydney on 11 Aug 1905.

Sylliott Hill was subsequently incorporated into a property now known as Labassa and in the care of the National Trust of Australia. The following link has brief details of the Billing family's association with the property:

<https://www.nationaltrust.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/Labassa-Lives-Vol8No2-2020.pdf>

22nd June 1882 “DEATH OF JUDGE BILLING

Mr. Richard Annesley Billing, the recently appointed County Court judge, expired at his residence, Balaclava-road, at 25 minutes past 10 last night, after a short but severe illness. Mr. Billing returned from the Western district circuit on Thursday, and though somewhat exhausted by lengthened sittings and continuous traveling, was in his usual health up to Friday. On that evening, while at dinner, he was seized with a fit of serous [sic] apoplexy, and though his medical attendants, Dr. Embling and Lampriere, were in constant attendance, he grew rapidly worse. The attack was followed by paralysis of the right side, which gradually extended to the left, and at the hour named he passed away very quietly. The deceased leaves a widow and one son. Mr. Richard Annesley Billing was born in the year 1814. He was called to the Irish bar in 1839, and practiced in Dublin for some years. In consequence of ill-health he left Ireland in the year 1856, and came to this country. In October of that year he was admitted as a member of the Victorian bar. He was

Generation 2 (cont.)

appointed one of the lecturers in law at the Melbourne University, the subjects on which he treated being the law relating to real property and that relating to procedure. A few years ago there was an alteration in the course of law lectures at the university, and four lecturers were appointed instead of two, and Mr. Billing had therefore to deal with only one branch of the law. Mr. Billing's classes at the University were always well attended, and he had an aptitude for imparting information to the students. For a number of years he gave a gold medal prize to the student who obtained the highest distinction in his classes. Mr. Billing took no part in the political world. He was asked several times to come forward as a candidate for Parliamentary honours, but always refused the proposals made to him. He had at one time a leading practice at the bar, and was usually retained in cases in which the Crown or the Board of land and Works was a party. As a barrister he showed that he could easily master the details of complicated transactions, although he was not one of those who could make an impassioned appeal to a jury. For the last three years Mr. Billing had retired from general practice. In 1878 he was appointed a Queen's Counsel for Victoria. In April last he was appointed a judge of the County Court, and the western circuit was allotted to him. During his short career on the bench Mr. Billing displayed a courteous demeanor to the practitioners and suitors who frequented his court, and paid the greatest attention to every case that came before him". (22nd June 1882 *The Argus, Melbourne*, page 8)

1882: Richard was buried with his first wife Mary Elisabeth Yeo as requested in his will at St Kilda, Port Phillip City, Victoria, Australia. The monument over his grave states he died at Caulfield, and that it was erected by his widow Williamina and their only (un-named) son.
(*Richard Annesley Billing*)

Probate of the will of Richard A Billing "late of near Melbourne" was granted by the County Judge to Williamina O Billing on 13 July 1882

- iv. GERALD AUBREY YEO was born about 1818 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 27 Mar 1887 in Alverstoke, Gosport. He married Amelia Dorcas Douglas, daughter of Robert Douglas and Dorcas Male, on 08 Feb 1855 in Piccadilly, London. She was born on 21 Feb 1825 in Woolwich, Kent. She died in 1918.

Notes for Gerald Aubrey Yeo:

1855 At his marriage in St. James Piccadilly to Amelia Dorcas Douglas, daughter of Major General Robert Douglas, Gerald was an M.D.

Generation 2 (cont.)

Surgeon on HMS Bulldog, his father was named as Henry Yeo, Esquire
(*London Gazette*) (*His brother Thomas married her sister Matilda in
1852 when her father Robert was then a Colonel*)

1880 Census The Hythe Alverstoke, Hampshire, England
Gerald A. YEO M 62 M Ireland Head Fleet Surgeon R N (Retired)
Amelia D. YEO M 56 F Woolwich, Kent, Wife
and 2 Servants

Notes for Amelia Dorcas Douglas:

Amelia was born on 21 Feb 1825 - a later census return records her
birthplace as Tunbridge Wells. She was baptised on 9 Dec 1825 at
Woolwich, the home base of her father's regiment the Royal Artillery.

1911 Census Maker, Cornwall
Harry Eric Yeo Head Married 45 1866 Private Means Monkstown
Dublin
Margaret DYeo Wife Married 34 1877 Private Means Canterbury Kent
Amelia Dorcas Yeo Aunt Widow 86 1825 Private Means Woolwich Kent
This census return also confirms Gerald and Amelia had no children

1918 GRO Death aged 94 St Albans

Footnote:

It is appropriate to make some comment here about the Douglas family
into which Gerald Aubrey Yeo and his brother Thomas Frederick Yeo
(see his personal notes below) both married.

Amelia's father was Robert Douglas, the second son of General Robert
Douglas (ca 1747-1827) and his wife Mary nee Kearsley. According to
the Douglas Archives website,
http://www.douglashistory.co.uk/history/robert_douglas3.htm Robert
senior served with distinction in America during the Revolutionary War.
He was appointed Commander of the Corps of Artillery Drivers on their
establishment in 1795 and retained that appointment until the breaking
up of the Corps in 1817. He clearly became a wealthy man - styling
himself Colonel Commandant of the Royal Regiment of Artillery,
Robert Douglas made his will in November 1826 in which he left
legacies of tens of thousands of pounds to his wife Mary and their
daughter and three sons - including a bequest of £8,000 to Robert junior
and any children he might have.

Generation 2 (cont.)

Robert junior followed his father into the Royal Artillery, in which he had an active and distinguished career too. His service record shows that Robert junior was born in New York on 28 July 1780, presumably when his father was serving there. He joined the Royal Artillery as a Gentleman Cadet on 20 Aug 1794 and rose rapidly through the ranks. In a long career, he spent 9 years abroad in West Indies (1800/05); Hanover (1805); the “Peninsula” - ie Portugal, Spain & France (1812/14); and Malta (1819/20); He served under Wellington’s command in the Peninsula War where he fought at major battles including Salamanca, Vittoria and San Sebastian. At some point Robert’s service was recognised by the honour of Companion of the Bath.

Intriguingly, Robert senior made a codicil to his will on Christmas Day 1826. Therein he revoked the legacy of £8,000 to Robert junior “and in consequence of the marriage of my son Robert Douglas unto Dorcas Male that the said sum of £8,000 shall be equally divided among the natural children as have been born of the said Dorcas Male before his marriage with her and such other children as may be born to him in wedlock ... the said children at present numbering five and baptised by the several names of Robert (1817); Harriet (1819); Matilda (1823); Archibald (n/k); and Amelia Dorcas (1825)”. (Note - the dates in brackets have been identified by the present authors in the Woolwich, Kent parish register). Robert and Dorcas were married in the same parish on 16 Dec 1826 - just ten days before Robert senior made his codicil. Robert senior died aged 83 and was buried on 11 April 1827 in St Nicholas, Plumstead in accordance with his wishes. His will proved on 20 April 1827.

Shortly after Robert senior’s codicil, Robert and Dorcas had a further daughter Margaret born in Woolwich on 1 Feb 1827 - she was the only “legitimate” child of Robert’s mentioned on his service record, which also cites his marriage details. Robert retired from the army on full pay on 6 May 1835, though in an apparent quirk of military procedure, he continued to receive promotions in 1841, 1854 and 1859. He died at Claygate near Esher, Surrey on 10 Feb 1871. His age at death was recorded as 93. His wife Dorcas survived him by five years, and died in Alverstoke, Hants in 1876 aged 91.

With legacies of over £1000 each from their grandfather’s will, Harriet, Matilda, Amelia Dorcas and Margaret must have been desirable brides - the two Yeo brothers Thomas Frederick and Gerald Aubrey marrying two Douglas sisters Matilda and Amelia Dorcas in 1852 and 1855 respectively thereby establishing a tie into another prominent military

Generation 2 (cont.)

family.

- v. CHARLES OLDHAM YEO was born about 1826 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 08 Jan 1907 in Kexby, Yorks. He married Gertrude Ellen King, daughter of Thomas King and Dorothy Ellen Boileau, on 26 Feb 1853 in Clontarf, Dublin. She was born about 1825. She died in 1907 in Kexby, Yorks.

Notes for Charles Oldham Yeo:

A list of Yeo's in Alumni Dubliniensis gives Charles name as Charles Otway Yeo, and that he matriculated 17 October 1843 aged 17; BA Ver (Spring) 1848; and MA Ver (Spring) 1856. The origin of "Otway" is unclear - in later life he used the middle name "Oldham", perhaps a reference to his elder brother Arthur Annesley Yeo who married Maria Frances Oldham.

Charles and Gertrude were married twice

1851 16th August Married in North Dublin Registry Office Charles Oldham Yeo Bachelor Gentleman of Woodbine Lodge, Philipsburgh Avenue Parish of Clontarf, County of Dublin son of Henry Yeo Gentleman . Gertrude of No. 6 Martell Avenue, Kingstown, Parish of Monkstown, County of Dublin was the daughter of Thomas King Captain in the 20th Regiment Henry his father and Frederick Oldham Yeo his brother were living in Philipsburgh Avenue in 1837 so one would assume that was his fathers residence for some of that period if not all of it We have not established why Charles and his brother Frederick appear to have adopted a middle name Oldham but it was probably in memory of Arthur Annesley Yeo and his wife Maria Frances Oldham who both died early in their lives in 1839 and 1842 respectively

1853 26th February At his marriage in Church he was named as Reverend Charles Oldham Yeo son of Henry. Gentleman. Gertrude was the daughter of Thomas King Captain in the Army
Did he have to marry in a church when joining the ministry?

1871 census: Charles O Yeo aged 44 Vicar of Kexby born Ireland was living at Kexby Vicarage. Wife Gertrude was apparently away from home on the date the census was taken

1881 census: Charles O Yeo aged 54 Vicar of Kexby b Dublin and wife Gertrude Ellen Yeo 55 born Kildare were living in Kexby.

Generation 2 (cont.)

1891 census: Charles O Yeo aged 64 Vicar of Kexby and wife Gertude aged 66 both born Ireland were living at Kexby Vicarage

1901 census: Charles O Yeo aged 74 Clergyman in the Church of England born Ireland and wife Gertrude E Yeo aged 75 born Ireland were living in Kexby, Yorkshire.

1907 8th January Died Kexby Yorkshire age 80 Probate granted to Robert Frederick Yeo, Retired Fleet Surgeon (*nephew*) Effects £143

Notes for Gertrude Ellen King:

A family history in the public domain states that Gertrude's mother Dorothy Ellen Boileau was a descendant of a Huguenot family whose history is traced back several centuries. Further info about the Boileau family can be found here:

<http://www.burningviolin.org/family/book/7.Boileau.pdf>

Gertrude Ellen Yeo died in York district, which includes the parish of Kexby, in 1907 Q1 aged 82

5. vi. THOMAS FREDERICK YEO was born about 1827 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 23 Jul 1897 in Alverstoke, Gosport. He married (1) MATILDA DOUGLAS, daughter of Robert Douglas and Dorcas Male, on 22 Jul 1852 in Claygate, Surrey. She was born on 28 Apr 1823 in Woolwich, Kent. She died in 1896 in Alverstoke, Gosport.
6. vii. FREDERICK OLDHAM YEO was born about 1830 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 01 Mar 1871 in Howth, Dublin. He married (1) HARRIET ARCHER on 07 Sep 1862 in Holyhead, Anglesey. She was born about 1832. She died on 18 Dec 1863 in Merrion. He married (2) MATILDA EMILY NICHOLSON, daughter of William Nicholson, on 30 Dec 1867 in Drumcondra, Clonturk, Dublin.

Generation 3

3. ARTHUR ANNESLEY³ YEO (Henry², Henry¹) was born about 1808 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 26 Sep 1839 in Dublin. He married Maria Frances Oldham, daughter of John Oldham, on 15 Sep 1832 in St. Thomas's Church, Dublin. She was born about 1810. She died on 27 Nov 1842 in Dublin.

Notes for Arthur Annesley Yeo:

Generation 3 (cont.)

1829: The Grays Inn Admissions Register records the entry of Arthur Annesley Yeo aged 20, eldest son of Henry Yeo Esq of Philipsburgh, co. Dublin

1837 Gentleman's and Citizen's Almanack Arthur Annesley Yeo Barrister was living at Philipsburgh Avenue, Clondarf in the street directory just around from Henry his father. (*Clondarf is a parish just south of Dublin Port*)

1839: A list taken from the Cork Constitution journal records the death on 26 Sept 1839 of Arthur Annesley Yeo of Lower Dorset Street, Dublin. A second newspaper article of the birth of his son Arthur Annesley Yeo in December 1839 confirms that his father had died before his birth.

Dorset Street is an important thoroughfare on the northside of Dublin, Ireland, and was originally part of the Slighe Midh-Luchra, Dublin's ancient road to the north that begins where the original bridging point at Church Street is today. Subsequently, yet prior to the street being given its current name in the 18th century, **the road was known as Drumcondra Lane and was shown on maps as such.** It is divided into Dorset Street Lower (northeast end) and Dorset Street Upper (southwest end).

In a career cut short by a premature death, Arthur apparently became an authority on local legal practice. An entry in the Evening Packet & Correspondent of Dublin from 19 Nov 1844 offers for sale copies of a work authored by A A Yeo, barrister at law entitled "The New General Rules of the Courts of Kings Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer in Ireland"

Notes for Maria Frances Oldham:

In a Newspaper Death account as relict of Arthur Annesley Yeo she was recorded as being in her 32nd year (b1810)

Arthur Annesley Yeo and Maria Frances Oldham had the following children:

- i. ANNIE MARIA⁴ YEO was born on 02 Feb 1838 in Dublin. She married James Edward Rogers, son of James Rogers, on 20 May 1863 in Howth, Dublin.

Notes for Annie Maria Yeo:

1838 Mother named as Mary Frances (Yeo) Father Arthur Annesley Yeo. The family address at her baptism was given as 31 Lower Dorset Street, Dublin.

Generation 3 (cont.)

1863 20th May She married James Edward Rogers, Architect in Howth Dublin

A tree on Ancestry suggests they had 3 children all born in Dublin but we have been unable to confirm this

- ii. ARTHUR ANNESLEY YEO was born on 05 Dec 1839 in Dublin. He died on 24 Jan 1867 in Paris.

Notes for Arthur Annesley Yeo:

1839 5th Dec His parents identified from his baptism record

1839 7th Dec *The Dublin Morning Register* reported the birth in Lower Dorset St."The Lady of the LATE Arthur Annesley Yeo of a son" *Thus confirming that his father died before he was born*

1860: Hart's Army list records that Arthur Annesley Yeo joined the army by purchase as Ensign in the 31st (The Huntingdonshire) Regiment of Foot on 9 March 1860.

1866: *The London Gazette* of 18 Dec 1866 records the appointment to the 31st Regiment of Foot of Robert William Fergusson Phillips gent to be Ensign by purchase vice Arthur Annesley Yeo who retires.

29 March.1867 YEO Arthur Annesley. Effects in England. Under £450.

The Probate of the Will of Arthur Annesley Yeo late of 122 Norfolk-terrace Bayswater in the County of Middlesex late an Ensign in Her Majesty's 31st Regiment of Foot deceased who died on or about 24 January 1867 at Paris in France granted 14 March 1867 at Dublin in Ireland to Henry Yeo of Ceanchor, Howth (*Henry's fathers house before*) in the County of Dublin Esquire (*his Uncle b1816*) one of the Executors was sealed at the Principal Registry London.

4. **HENRY³ YEO** (Henry², Henry¹) was born about 1816 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 28 May 1897 in Howth, Dublin. He married (1) **JANE ANNE FERNS**, daughter of Captain Ferns, in 1840 in Ireland. He married (2) **MARY FRANCES READ**, daughter of John Nixon Read, on 05 Mar 1878 in Weston, Somerset. She was born about 1835. She died after 1897.

Generation 3 (cont.)

Notes for Henry Yeo:

1816 Although we haven't found his birth or baptism, from census returns we have estimated his birth date

1845: At his son Gerald's baptism in 1845, Henry's residence was recorded as The Tansey, Ceanchor Road, Howth. Even at this time, this must have been a prestigious property, judging by a recent sale at auction reported as follows:

“A record price for a Howth house was achieved yesterday at auction when a businessman paid £3.87 million for a five-bedroom Georgian house on one of the best sites in the Baily area. The two-storey house, The Tansey on Ceanchor Road, stands on eight acres of terraced gardens and sweeping lawns with stunning views over Dublin Bay.

Bidding at the Finnegan Menton auction opened at £2 million and with four parties chasing the property, bids of £200,000 were registered until it reached the £3 million mark. At that stage, the individual bids dropped to £100,000 and by the time it reached £3.75 million three of the bidders were still on their feet. Auctioneer Iain Finnegan declared the house on the market at £3.8 million and after three further bids of £25,000 each, it was knocked down to the eventual buyer” (*Irish Times 2001*)

1840 Henry Yeo married Jane Anne Fernsd/o Captain Ferns in Ireland in September 1840 at Drumcondra Church. Henry Esquire was then of Garville Terrace, Rathgar. Jane was to bear him at least seven children. She died prematurely.

1842 At the marriage of Charles West Esquire M.D. to Letitia Clementina Green at St Pauls Church of Ireland Co Dublin, Henry Yeo was a witness for the wife (or was it his father Henry?) and Thomas Ferns was a witness for the husband

1847 At the marriage of Francis James Ferns of Everton, Liverpool, Merchant (Husbands father Thomas Ferns Officer) to Catherine Cashel at St Pauls Church of Ireland Co Dublin, Henry Yeo was a witness for the wife (Was this Janes brother?)

1860: It appears that Henry's employment in the judiciary in Ireland was very well remunerated - a report in the Belfast Mercury lists his salary after 32 years' service was £900 per annum. His younger brother Thomas Frederick and nephew Henry Vivian were employed in the same branch and their remuneration was reported too (see their personal notes)

1865/6, Henry then living at Howth (His father's old house perhaps?) when he was

Generation 3 (cont.)

granted Probate following his fathers death in 1864 with Thomas Frederick his brother who was then living at Uplands, Monkstown where his father died. He was also living there at the marriage of his daughter Edith to Henry Hodgson Bardswell

1867 Henry was granted probate for Arthur Annesley Yeo (his nephew), who died in Paris, see notes for Arthur Annesley Yeo born 1839

1878 5th March Married by Licence Mary Anne Read in Weston, Somerset near Bath (Not Weston Super Mare) His marriage was conducted by licence on 5 March; Henry is described as a widower of Howth, Ireland and his occupation as a clerk of the Dublin Court of Exchequer ('Barrister at Law' having previously been entered but crossed through). His father is recorded as 'Henry Yeo Esq.' (indicating his fathers status) and Mary is from Weston - her father John Nixon Read was a Captain in the Army.

1881 Census Place:Egham, Surrey, England
Gerald F. YEO M 36 M Ireland Occ:Professor Of Physiology
Charlotte YEO M 31 F Lancaster Wife
Henry YEO M 64 M Ireland :Visitor
Mary YEO 46 F Ireland Wife
and 3 Servants

Henry and his second wife Mary were visitors at the home of Henry's son by his first marriage Gerald Francis Yeo and the latter's wife Charlotte.

1897: Henry died on 29 May 1897. *The Dublin Weekly Mail* of 5 June 1897 carried the following obituary for Henry:

:

We regret to announce the death of Mr Henry Yeo JP, which took place at his residence Ceanchor, Howth. Mr Yeo had reached the advanced age of 81 years, and was one of the oldest member of the public service in Ireland, having been for half a century Registrar of the Court of Exchequer. In 1879 he retired to enjoy a well-earned rest after his many years of useful and honourable service. By the Judges and both members of both branches of the legal profession he was held in the highest esteem. He was ever ready to give advice to the solicitors on intricate matters in connexion with the procedures of the various systems changed from time to time.

The funeral report from the Dublin Daily Express listed the chief mourners as H Vivian Yeo and Gerald F Yeo FRS, sons; Henry G Yeo and C A V Yeo, grandsons; and W. Tod, son-in-law. Also among the mourners were Sir William Stokes, Lord Chief Baron and other senior members of the legal establishment.

Generation 3 (cont.)

1897 30th June Probate of the will (with one codicil) of Henry Yoe (sic) late of Ceanchor, Howth County Dublin, Esquire. J.P. who died 28 May 1897 granted at Dublin to Mary Frances Yeo of Ceanchor, Howth, Widow. Gerald Francis Yeo of Bowden House, Totnes Conty Devon. M.D F.R.S. and James Henry Mortimer of 71 Middle Abbey Street Dublin, Solilcitor. Effects £4715. 2s. 9p. Re sworn £5165. 2s. 9p.

in the Web: Ireland National Archives, Calendar of Wills and Administrations, 1858-1920

Notes for Jane Anne Ferns:

Henry Yeo and Jane Anne Ferns had the following children:

- i. UN NAMED DAUGHTER^f YEO was born on 27 Jun 1841 in Rathgar. She died on 27 Jun 1841 in Rathgar.

Notes for Un Named Daughter Yeo:

Death Reported of a still born daughter at Rathgar of the Lady of Henry Yeo Jnr (*Dublin Morning Register 30th June 1841*)

7. ii. HENRY VIVIAN YEO was born on 02 Jun 1843 in Rathgar, Dublin, Ireland. He died in 1925 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. He married (1) EMILY ALICE DAVIES on 07 Jun 1870 in St Pancras, London. She was born on 23 Dec 1850 in Chester. She died on 31 Oct 1898 in Drumcondra, Clonturk, Dublin. He married (2) KATHLEEN LIMRICK NEE BARRY, daughter of Thomas R Barry, on 15 Mar 1920 in Registry Office Dublin.
8. iii. GERALD FRANCIS YEO was born on 19 Jan 1845 in Dublin. He died on 01 May 1909 in Harbertonford, Nr Totnes. He married (1) CHARLOTTE JANE CROUGHAM KITCHIN on 26 Nov 1873 in Rock Ferry, Cheshire. She was born in 1849 in Lancaster, Lancs. She died on 04 Jul 1884 in Thorncote, Staines, Surrey. He married (2) AUGUSTA FRANCES HUNT, daughter of Edward Hunt, on 22 Jul 1886 in Thomastown, Ireland. She was born in 1856 in Kilkenny, Ireland. She died on 11 Dec 1913 in Eastbourne.
9. iv. EDITH ELISABETH YEO was born about 1847 in Dublin. She died in 1878 in Lancashire. She married Henry Hodgson Bardswell, son of Charles Bardswell and Isabella Edmonds Hodgson, on 19 Sep 1866 in Howth, Dublin. He was born on 16 May 1837 in Liverpool. He died on 06 Mar 1921 in Southport.
10. v. AMY YEO was born about 1853 in Dublin. She died on 10 Dec 1930 in Batheaston, Somerset. She married William Tod, son of Archibald Tod and Harriet Earle, on 12 Feb 1878 in Dublin North. He was born on 25

Generation 3 (cont.)

Jul 1853 in Woolton, Lancs. He died on 19 Jul 1927 in Liverpool.

11. vi. EDMUND GORE YEO was born about 1856 in Dublin. He died on 12 Sep 1923 in Bayswater. He married Emily Louisa Kermode on 14 Oct 1885 in Caulfield, Victoria, Australia. She was born in 1860 in Kensington, London. She died on 14 May 1932 in Kensington, London.
- vii. ANNIE MAUD MARY YEO was born about 1858 in Dublin. She died on 30 Nov 1863 in Ceanchor, Howth.

Notes for Annie Maud Mary Yeo:

Identified from her death report in *Dublin Daily Express* 2nd Dec 1863 where she was recorded as youngest daughter of Henry Yeo Junior - implying he had at least one more daughter

Notes for Mary Frances Read:

Mary was listed as Henry's wife when the couple were visiting Henry's son by his first marriage and the latter's wife Charlotte in Egham, Surrey in the 1881 census. (see notes for Gerald Francis Yeo)

5. **THOMAS FREDERICK³ YEO** (Henry², Henry¹) was born about 1827 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 23 Jul 1897 in Alverstoke, Gosport. He married (1) **MATILDA DOUGLAS**, daughter of Robert Douglas and Dorcas Male, on 22 Jul 1852 in Claygate, Surrey. She was born on 28 Apr 1823 in Woolwich, Kent. She died in 1896 in Alverstoke, Gosport.

Notes for Thomas Frederick Yeo:

1852 22nd July Thomas Frederick of Claygate married Matilda Douglas spinster of Claygate, Surrey daughter of Robert Douglas Colonel in Royal Artillery. Thomas Frederick recorded as "Gentleman" & his father as Henry Yeo Esquire (*His brother Gerald married Matilda her sister in 1855*)

1860: It appears that Thomas Frederick's employment in the judiciary in Ireland was well remunerated - a report in the *Belfast Mercury* lists his salary after 19 years' service as £300 per annum.

1865 As one of the executors of his father's will he was then living in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin where his father died

25th June 1866 At his daughter Matilda's birth registration her father was recorded as Thomas Frederick Yeo Assistant Clerk of the Rules in the Court of the Exchequer. His residence stated as Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. Registered in Kingstown, Rathdown, Dublin

Generation 3 (cont.)

1881 At his son Roberts wedding, Thomas Frederick his father was living at Uplands, Delgany. Co Wicklow Ireland

1891 Census

Thomas F Yeo Head 67 1824 Ireland
Late Registrar Queens Bench Division High Court Of Justice Ireland
Matilda Yeo Wife 67 1824 Kent,
Amelia D Yeo Sister In Law Wid 66 1825 Tunbridge Wells
and 3 Servants

Undated Will of Thomas Frederick Yeo of Uplands, Delgany in the County of Wicklow (attached to his probate) Probably before 1888 when his daughter Constance married)

Bequeaths to his son Robert Frederick all his lands and property in trust to pay to his wife Matilda all her rents, issues and profits during her lifetime and permits her to live in Uplands his dwelling house until her death
After her death Robert is to sell the property and keep £500 for himself and pay over the rest to his sister, Thomas,s daughter, Constance Mary for her own sole use. Full copy on file

1897 Died on the 13rd July in Alverstoke At his burial he was recorded as being 70 years old

1897 Probate of his will was granted on the 18th August in London to Robert Frederick Yeo of 19 the Crescent, Surgeon on board HMS Nile, his son as the sole exexutor. Gross value of his personal estate £2900

1897 Probate of his Irish Effects was granted on 22nd September in Dublin, Thomas Frederick Yeo formerly of Uplands, Delgany County Wicklow and late of North Road, Alverstoke, Gosport County Hants Esquire. Died 23rd July 1897 (London said 13th) Probate granted at London on the 18th August 1897. Effects in Ireland £396. 14s. 9p.

Notes for Matilda Douglas:

Matilda was born in Woolwich on 28 April 1823 and baptised 22 Aug 1823, daughter of Robert Douglas and his wife Dorcas Male. Matilda and her sister Amelia Dorcas married two brothers - Thomas Frederick Yeo and Gerald Aubrey Yeo in 1852 and 1855 respectively. Matilda died in Alverstoke, Hants in 1896 Q2 aged 73. For a note on the Douglas family, please see the personal notes for Amelia Dorcas Douglas.

Generation 3 (cont.)

Thomas Frederick Yeo and Matilda Douglas had the following children:

- i. ROBERT FREDERICK⁴ YEO was born on 12 Aug 1853 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. He died in Jun 1936 in Gosport, Hants. He married Alice Elizabeth Sich, daughter of William Thrale Sich, on 16 Mar 1881 in Chiswick, Middlesex. She died in 1934 in Gosport, Hants.

Notes for Robert Frederick Yeo:

1881 Census Dwelling: Church St Lamb Brewery Census
Place: Chiswick, Middx

William T. SICH M 52 M Chiswick, Middlesex, Head Brewer
Charlott E. SICH M 50 F Romford, Essex, Wife
John H. SICH U 26 M Chiswick, Middlesex, Son Brewer
William SICHU 25 M Chiswick, Middlesex, Son Clerk
Thomas T. SICH U 23 M Chiswick, Middlesex, Son Clerk
Flora M. SICH U 19 F Chiswick, Middlesex, Daur
Robert F. YE O M 28 M Dublin, Ireland Son In Law Surgeon R.N
Alice E. YE O M 28 F Chiswick, Middlesex, Dau
And 5 servants

1891 census: Robert not found - he may have been away at sea. His wife Alice Yeo aged 38 b Chiswick and her sister Flora Sich single 29 b Chiswick both of private means were staying at a boarding house in Montpelier Road Brighton kept by Sophia Lloyd.

1901 census: Robert F Yeo aged 48 Fleet Surgeon Royal Navy Retired b Dublin was living in Crescent Road, Alverstoke Hants with wife Alice E Yeo 48 b Chiswick, London. Living with them was Mary F Sick 38 sister in law single b Chiswick. The household was completed by five servants.

1911 census: Robert Frederick Yeo aged 58 Fleet Surgeon R Navy Retired born Kingstown, Dublin and wife Alice Elizabeth Yeo 59 b London were living at Holmfirth Eastern Terrace, Anglesey, Gosport, Alverstoke, Hants. Living with them was sister-in-law Flora Mary Sick aged 49, single born London. The household was completed by four house-servants. The census return states they had been married 30 years with no children.

1934: Alice pre-deceased her husband by a couple of years. Her death was registered in Gosport, Hants in 1934 Q2 aged 81.

Generation 3 (cont.)

Robert appears in the 1935 Who's Who for Hampshire Yeo, Robert Frederick (Fleet Surgeon) R.N. (Retired) Holmfirth, Alverstoke, Hampshire. Born 1853 at Kingstown, Co. Dublin, Son of the late Thomas Frederick Yeo. Educated at Stackpools and Trinity College, Dublin, married 1886 Alice Elizabeth, Joined Royal Navy as Surgeon 1876. Recreations - Yachting, Fishing and Shooting.

1936: The death of Robert F Yeo is recorded in Gosport Hants in 1936 Q2 aged 82. Will of Robert Frederick Yeo of Holmfirth, Alverstoke, Hampshire, died 15th June, 1936. Probate to Mary Flora Sich, spinster (ie the sister of Robert's deceased wife). Effects £11337. 2s. 6d

- ii. EDWARD ARTHUR YEO was born about 1855 in Dublin. He died on 12 Jul 1856 in Kingstown Dublin.

Notes for Edward Arthur Yeo:

Identified from a death Notice aged 9 months old. Edward Arthur the infant son of Thomas Frederick Yeo Esq. (*Southern Reporter and Cork Commercial Courier 16 July 1856*)

12. iii. CONSTANCE MARY YEO was born on 16 Nov 1859 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. She died on 08 Aug 1951 in Australia. She married Ernest Macartney De Burgh, son of Rev William De Burgh and Janette Macartney, on 20 Mar 1888 in Woollabra, New South Wales, Australia. He was born on 18 Jan 1863 in Sandymount, Dublin. He died on 03 Apr 1929 in Vaucluse, Sydney, New South Wales.
- iv. CHARLOTTE EMILIE YEO was born on 09 Mar 1861 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. She died on 13 Jun 1864 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin.

Notes for Charlotte Emilie Yeo:

13th June 1864 Death of Charlotte Emilie youngest child of Thomas Frederick Yeo aged 3 years and 4 months in Uplands Monkstown *Saunders's News-Letter 15 June 1864 and others*

- v. MATILDA DOUGLAS YEO was born on 25 Jun 1866 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. She died in 1868 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin.

Notes for Matilda Douglas Yeo:

6. **FREDERICK OLDHAM³ YEO** (Henry², Henry¹) was born about 1830 in Howth, Dublin. He died on 01 Mar 1871 in Howth, Dublin. He married (1) **HARRIET**

Generation 3 (cont.)

ARCHER on 07 Sep 1862 in Holyhead, Anglesey. She was born about 1832. She died on 18 Dec 1863 in Merrion. He married (2) **MATILDA EMILY NICHOLSON**, daughter of William Nicholson, on 30 Dec 1867 in Drumcondra, Clonturk, Dublin.

Notes for Frederick Oldham Yeo:

1855 2nd Regiment of Royal Cheshire Militia Frederick Yeo, Gent to be made Lieutenant *London Gazette*

07 Sep 1862 At his first marriage in 1862 He was referred to as just Frederick Yeo (no mention of Oldham) aged 32 Bachelor, Gentleman residing at Holyhead Father Henry Yeo Gentleman, Harriette daughter of George Archer, Gentleman also of Holyhead aged 30

30 Dec 1867 Frederick was calling himself Frederick **Oldham** Yeo Widower at his marriage to Matilda as the son of Henry from his 1867 marriage certificate in Dublin

1871 The Cork Examiner of 7 March 1871 reported the death on 1 March of Frederick, the youngest son of the late Henry Yeo Esq of Uplands, Monkstown, Co Dublin.

1886 13th February Letters of the administration of the estate of Frederick Yeo late of Sydney-Parade, Merrion, Co, Dublin, Gentleman who died in 1871 at same place were granted at the Principal Registry in Ireland to Harrie Yeo of Kings College Strand, County Middlesex Esquire the only child, Effects £302 7sh 1d Administration of Frederick's estate was only granted some 15 years after his death. We don't have a reason for this delay

Notes for Harriet Archer:

1862 1st September Marriage recorded at Caergybi/Holyhead Harriette aged 30 son of George Archer Frederick aged 32 son of Henry Yeo

1863 December 18th Death Record died at Loughnavale, Strand Road, Merrion, Monkstown Dublin Ireland

1886 15th February Letters of the administration of the estate of Harriet Yeo late of Sydney-Parade, Merrion, Co, Dublin, who died 31st Dec 1863 at same place were granted at the Principal Registry in Ireland to Harrie Yeo, Gent of Kings College Strand, County Middlesex Esquire the Administrator of Frederick Yeo the husband. Administration of Frederick's estate was only granted some 23 years after her death. We don't have a reason for this delay.

Generation 3 (cont.)

Frederick Oldham Yeo and Harriet Archer had the following child:

- i. HARRIE ERIC⁴ YEO was born on 18 Dec 1863 in Monkstown, Dublin. He married Margaret Dorothy Routledge in 1906 in Henley, Oxfordshire.

Notes for Harrie Eric Yeo:

1911 Census Kingsand Cornwall, Maker, Cornwall

Harry Eric Yeo Head Mar M 45 1866 Priv Means Monkstown Dublin
Margaret D Yeo Wife Mar F 34 1877 Priv Means Canterbury Kent
Amelia Dorc Yeo Aunt Wid F 86 1825 Priv Means Woolwich Kent

This census stated they had no children

Notes for Matilda Emily Nicholson:

1872: Following Frederick's death, Matilda re-married to Thomas Somers, Draper in Dublin on 22 Aug 1872. Thomas was the son of John Somers, farmer.

Generation 4

7. HENRY VIVIAN⁴ YEO (Henry³, Henry², Henry¹) was born on 02 Jun 1843 in Rathgar, Dublin, Ireland. He died in 1925 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. He married (1) EMILY ALICE DAVIES on 07 Jun 1870 in St Pancras, London. She was born on 23 Dec 1850 in Chester. She died on 31 Oct 1898 in Drumcondra, Clonturk, Dublin. He married (2) KATHLEEN LIMRICK NEE BARRY, daughter of Thomas R Barry, on 15 Mar 1920 in Registry Office Dublin.

Notes for Henry Vivian Yeo:

1843: Henry Vivian was born in Dublin - recorded by the Statesman and Dublin Christian Record of 6 June as "On 2 June at Rathgar, the Lady of Henry Yeo Jun'r Esq of a son"

1860: It appears Henry Vivian followed his father and grandfather into the judiciary service in Ireland, probably straight from school. A report in the Belfast Mercury of 27 July 1860 lists his salary after 3 years' service in the post of First Clerk for General Purposes as £120 per annum.

1870: Henry Vivian Yeo Esq B.A. Dublin University, eldest son of Henry Yeo Esq of Howth, was listed among those new barristers to be called to the bar in Ireland during the ensuing Easter Term. (*Dublin Evening Mail 16th April 1870*)

1870: Henry Vivian Yeo, barrister at law and Emily Alice Davis, third daughter of N Davis Esq LLD, FRGS London, were married in St Pancras London on 7 June by the

Generation 4 (cont.)

Rev Charles Yeo, Uncle of the Groom, Vicar of Kexby, Yorkshire. Henry's residence was stated as Ceanchor, Howth, Ireland (*Southern Reporter and Cork Commercial Courier 11th June 1870*)

1882: Henry Vivian was apparently a music lover. At a concert by an Orchestra of lady Amateurs to be held on 29 Sept 1882 at the Ulster Hall under the auspices of the Belfast Philharmonic, Henry Vivian Yeo was listed among those providing financial assistance. (Belfast Telegraph 23 Sept 1882)

1901 Ireland census: Together with the 1911 census (see below), these are the only two censuses of Ireland for which records have survived. Henry Vivian Yeo aged 57 widower, Barrister not practising, Registrar of the Kings Bench and his daughter Emily Alice Yeo, 16 Scholar were living at Shelbourne Road, Pembroke West, Dublin. Both were recorded as of the Irish Church and born County Dublin. Visiting them were **Kathleen Limrick 43 widow** and Olive Mary Limrick unmarried. The household also had a cook and a parlour maid.

1911 Ireland census: Henry Vivian Yeo 67 widower Barrister not practising, Registrar of the Kings Bench Division Ireland and his daughter Emily Alice Yeo, 26 unmarried were living at Merrion Road, Pembroke East, Dublin. Both were recorded as of the Church of England and born County Dublin. Visiting them were **Kathleen Limrick 53 widow** and Olive Mary Limrick 30 unmarried. The household also had a cook and a parlour maid.

1920: Henry Vivian Yeo widower, residence Merrion Road, son of Henry Yeo JP deceased married **Kathleen Limrick nee Barry widow**, residence Ballsbridge, daughter of Thomas R Barry, Chief Inspector Royal Irish Constabulary on 15 March 1920 at the Registry Office, Dublin. We have been unable to identify Kathleen and determine why she and her presumed daughter Olive were apparently living with Henry. Nor do we know what prompted Henry & Kathleen to marry then - he was aged about 76 and Kathleen about 63. The witnesses were Major D J Smithwick and Olive Smithwick, and we might infer this was Kathleen's married daughter and husband

1925: We find a credible match for the death in Dublin South of Henry Vivian Yeo in 1925 Q4 aged 82, consistent with his birth in 1843.

Notes for Emily Alice Davies:

1850: Emily Alice Davis was the daughter of Nathan David and his wife Catherine nee Brown. The GRO records the registration of the birth of Emily Alice David mother maiden name Brown in Great Boughton district in 1851 Q1. The district spans part of Cheshire and Flintshire, and includes Chester Castle. A record in a public tree states she was born in Chester on 23 Dec 1850 and baptised there on 20

Generation 4 (cont.)

April 1851, though we have been unable to verify independently these dates.

1851 census: Emily Alice Davis aged 3 months born Chester was living with her parents and siblings at Upper Stamford St, Lambeth, London. Her father Nathan Davis was recorded as aged 32 Minister of the Church of Scotland and born Prussia, and her mother Catherine aged 25 born South America, British subject. Emily's siblings were Margaret Rose David aged 5 and Caroline Felicity Davis 3, both born North Africa, and Joseph Hunter David aged 2 also born Chester. Living with them were Catherine's sister Mary Elizabeth Brown, 28 single, gentlewoman b Liverpool, and Paul Hyman Sternhaus, 30 Minister & Missionary born Austria. The household was completed by two servants.

1861 census: Not found. Emily and the family may have been living outside of England with her father's missionary and/or archaeological work:

1870: Marriage to Henry Vivian Yeo in St Pancras, London. Emily was to bear Henry six children. Familysearch lists the births, but not the baptisms and hence no forenames, of the first four children she bore: daughter b 18 May 1871; daughter (probably an error for son Henry Gerald) 12 April 1872; daughter 8 June 1873; son 18 April 1875 (probably Charles Arthur Vivian). The Irish records have the baptisms of their two later children. Edith Cecilia was born & June 1879 and baptised 3 Aug 1879 in Grangegorman, her father's occupation barrister and the family address recorded as Kingston Lodge, Clonliffe Road Drumcondra. Emily Alice was born 19 Jan 1885 and baptised 9 April in 1895 also in Grangegorman, her father and family details the same as at her sister's baptism.

1896: In what seems a very unlikely match, we find the record of the imprisonment at Grangegorman jail of Emily A Yeo aged 44 born Chester residence Kingstown, a Protestant, for 4 days with a 5 shilling fine for being drunk! She was released on 2 August. It seems very unlikely that someone of the status of Henry Vivian's wife would be in this situation, but we have no other contemporary record of an Emily A Yeo of this age, which is reasonably close to Emily's age of 48 at death just two years later (see below)

1898 We find a credible record for her death on 31 Oct 1898 at Drumcondra, Dublin apparently at the hospital there, followed by her burial on 2 Nov 1898 at Mount Jerome Cemetery. Emily was aged just 48 at death - a calculated yob of 1850.

Footnote We should comment here on Emily's rather unusual family. It transpires her father Nathan Davis was of Jewish ancestry and had converted to Christianity. By his late 20's Nathan was working for the London Society for Promoting Christianity Among the Jews LSPCJ. Davis spent a number of years in North Africa and during 1838-1843 was in Tunis for the LSPCJ as a missionary to the Jews there.

Generation 4 (cont.)

It appears he may have left the LSPCJ after a doctrinal dispute with colleagues and returned to Enland. In 1844 he was granted a licence on 14 Dec 1844 for his marriage to Catherine Brown in Chester

At their marriage three days later at St Mary's Chester, Nathan gave his birthplace as "Prussia" - this was well before the establishment of what we now recognise as "Germany" - and gave his father's name as David Davis, merchant. It is unclear whether Nathan had converted himself or perhaps his father, but in either case they may well have anglicised their surname.

Following their marriage, it appears Nathan returned to Tunis as a missionary for the Church of Scotland, taking his wife with him as according to the 1851 census their first two daughters were born in North Africa.. He held that position to 1848. He was struggling with the work, however, and having caused offence to the local Jewish community was transferred to missionary work in Gibraltar in 1849. That mission was closed in 1850, and Davis was moved back to London. In 1852 Davis, still employed by the Church of Scotland as a missionary to London Jews, edited the Hebrew Christian Magazine.

From 1856 to 1858 Davis was engaged on behalf of the British Museum in excavations at Carthage and Utica. Cases from Davis arrived at the museum in 1857; there were 51 cases received in 1858, and more in 1860. The major antiquities discovered were Roman mosaic pavements and Phœnician inscriptions. Shortly before his death Davis revisited Tunis. He died in Florence on 6 January 1882 of congestion of the lungs. Davis was the author of a number of learned works of his experiences in Tunisia and his archaeological work at Carthage. Further details on Nathan can be found here:

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nathan_Davis_\(traveller\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nathan_Davis_(traveller))

Emily's mother was Catherine Brown. She was the daughter of Michael Brown and his wife Margaret nee Brown (sic). Michael and Margaret, a minor, were married in Liverpool on 29 Sept 1817. Michael was recorded as an Officer in the Royal Navy. The marriage was by licence and with the consent of Margaret's father John Brown. Catherine was born on 17 Jan 1825, and baptised in Buenos Aires on 26 Nov 1827 - her brother John Michael Brown born 5 July 1827 was baptised the same day. It appears that her brother was one of the witnesses on Catherine's marriage record.

The history of the Brown family in Argentina is a remarkable one. Michael had a brother William born 1777 who had left Ireland for "America" with their father, who died leaving William destitute. William led an adventurous life, eventually establishing himself in Argentina, where it seems likely Catherine was born during a deployment there of her father. William is credited as a father of Argentina's navy

Generation 4 (cont.)

and its role in securing independence from Spain. Further information on this remarkable man can be found here

<https://www.historyireland.com/18th-19th-century-history/almirante-william-brown/>

Henry Vivian Yeo and Emily Alice Davies had the following children:

13. i. AILEEN MARY⁵ YEO was born on 18 May 1871 in Dublin. She married William Joseph Kerslake in 1900 in Dublin South. He was born about 1862 in Wales.
- ii. HENRY GERALD YEO was born on 12 Apr 1872 in Dublin. He died on 23 Aug 1962 in Southampton, Hants. He married (1) FLORENCE SUMMERS, daughter of Thomas Summers, on 22 Apr 1908 in Southampton, Hants. She was born in 1857 in Southampton, Hants. She died in 1917 in Southampton, Hants. He married (2) ETHEL ELLEN COLE, daughter of Robert Valentine Cole, in 1917 in Dublin South. She was born on 02 Apr 1890. She died on 19 Mar 1974 in Netley, Hampshire.

Notes for Henry Gerald Yeo:

1872: We have found no clear baptism record for Henry. Based on his age at death and other records, his estimated y.o.b. is 1872 and the 1939 register reveals his exact dob - see below.

1901 census: We find a possible match for Henry - the 1901 census has the record of George H Yeo aged 29 single Doctor of Medicine born Dublin, was a boarder living with Henry Payne, Medical Practitioner and family at Bream Woodside in the Forest of Dean. We have no other record for a George H Yeo, and we might speculate this is a mis-recording of Henry Gerald Yeo.

1908: Henry Gerald Yeo M.B., single b 1872, son of Henry Vivian Yeo, Barrister at Law, Registrar of the Kings Bench Dublin, married Florence Poggi, widow, daughter of Thomas Summers at St Peter's Southampton on 22 April 1908.

1908 In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his nephew Henry G Yeo

1911 census: Henry Gerald Yeo aged 39 Registered Medical Practitioner born Dublin City was living with his wife Florence aged 53 b Southampton in Shirley Road, Southampton. The couple had been married 3 years and had no children - unsurprisingly given Florence's

Generation 4 (cont.)

age. Living with them were two house-servants.

1917: Shortly after Florence's death, Henry re-married to Ethel Ellen Cole in Dublin South in 1917 Q3.

1935: Henry appeared in the 1935 edition of Who's Who in Hampshire.

Yeo, Henry Gerald, (Dr), B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., L.M. Medical Practitioner, Rathfarneham, 27, Shirley Avenue, Southampton. Born 1872 in Dublin. Son of the late Henry Vivivan Yeo, K.C. Educated at Dublin University (Trinity College). Married 1917, Ethel Ellen, daughter of the late Robert Valentine Cole, of Bristol. Late Civil Surgeon Rest Camps, Southampton, Member of Recruiting Board and of Pensions Board, Surgeon to War Hospital, Southampton. Temporary Surgeon to Netley Hospital during Great Wars. Recreations - Fishing and Golf. No Heir

1939 Register: Henry G Yeo b 12 April 1872 occupation Physician & Surgeon and his wife Ethel E Yeo b 2 April 1890 were living in Shirley Avenue, Southampton.

1962: Henry died in 1962 Q3 in Southampton aged 90 - a close match with his actual job.

1962 Henry Gerald Yeo of 27 Shirley Ave Southampton died 23rd Aug 1962. Probate Winchester 23rd Oct granted to Lloyds Bank Ltd. Effects £9035

Notes for Florence Summers:

1917: Florence died in 1917 Q3 in Southampton District aged 60 - a calculated job of 1857. She was the daughter of Thomas Summers, and we find a credible birth for her in Southampton in 1857 Q3. She married Julien Poggi in Warwick in 1883 Q1. He died in Marylebone in 1898 Q1 in Marylebone aged 50.

Notes for Ethel Ellen Cole:

Ellen Ethel Yeo dob 2 April 1890 died in Southampton in 1974 Q2.

daughter of the late Robert Valentine Cole, of Bristol

iii. LILLIAN IDA YEO was born on 08 Jun 1873 in Dublin. She married

Generation 4 (cont.)

William Greene, son of George William Greene, on 03 Dec 1893 in Dublin South.

Notes for Lillian Ida Yeo:

1893: We find the marriage record of William Green and Lillian Ida Yeo on 3 Dec 1893 in South Dublin. William was of full age, a bachelor and occupation physician and surgeon, residence Howth, father George William Greene. Lillian was 20, a spinster, residence Landsdown Terrace, father Henry Vivian Yeo. Lillian's father was one of the witnesses.

- iv. CHARLES ARTHUR VIVIAN YEO was born on 16 Apr 1875 in Dublin. He died after 1895.

Notes for Charles Arthur Vivian Yeo:

We have found no birth, marriage, burial or other life event for Charles. We found only three sources referring to him, Although almost certainly he was the Unknown Male Yeo registered on 16th April 1875

1895: Charles followed his father and grandfather into the judiciary in Ireland. He was appointed Writing Clerk in the Exchequer Division of the Supreme Court of Judicature. (The London Gazette 2 July 1895, p 3749)

1897: Charles was listed as one of the principal mourners at the funeral of his grandfather Henry Yeo in June 1897.

1901 Ireland census: We find a credible match for Charles Yeo aged 25 Law Clerk, Civil Servant, unmarried, born Dublin living at 64 Lower Baggott Street, South Dock, Dublin. Charles was a boarder at a hotel, proprietor Thomas Seaman. Charles' religious affiliation was given as Church of Ireland.

1908 In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his nephew Charles.

- v. EDITH CECELIA YEO was born on 07 Jun 1879 in Dublin.

- vi. EMILY ALICE YEO was born on 19 Jan 1885 in Dublin.

8. **GERALD FRANCIS⁴ YEO** (Henry³, Henry², Henry¹) was born on 19 Jan 1845 in Dublin. He died on 01 May 1909 in Harbertonford, Nr Totnes. He married (1) **CHARLOTTE JANE CROUGHAM KITCHIN** on 26 Nov 1873 in Rock Ferry, Cheshire. She was born in 1849 in Lancaster, Lancs. She died on 04 Jul 1884 in Thorncote, Staines, Surrey. He married (2) **AUGUSTA FRANCES HUNT**, daughter of Edward

Generation 4 (cont.)

Hunt, on 22 Jul 1886 in Thomastown, Ireland. She was born in 1856 in Kilkenny, Ireland. She died on 11 Dec 1913 in Eastbourne.

Notes for Gerald Francis Yeo:

Born in Dublin on 19 January 1845, he was second son of Henry Yeo of Tansey, Ceanchor Road, Howth, J.P., clerk of the rules, court of exchequer, by his wife Jane, daughter of Captain Ferns. Yeo was educated at the royal school, Dungannon, and at Trinity College, Dublin, where he graduated moderator in natural science in 1866, proceeding M.B. and M.Ch. in 1867. In 1868 he gained the gold medal of the Dublin Pathological Society for an essay on renal disease. After studying abroad for three years, a year each in Paris, Berlin, and Vienna, he proceeded M.D. at Dublin in 1871, and became next year M.R.C.P. and M.R.C.S. Ireland

1866 He was a Junior Moderator at Trinity College Dublin in Experimental and Natural Sciences (Dublin Evening Mail 8th Dec 1866)

For two years Yeo taught physiology in the Carmichael school of medicine in Dublin. He was appointed professor of physiology in King's College London, in 1875, and in 1877 assistant surgeon to King's College Hospital, becoming F.R.C.S.England in 1878. He delivered for the College of Surgeons the Arris and Gale lectures on anatomy and physiology in 1880-2. With Hugo Kronecker, Yeo inaugurated the triennial international physiological congresses; the first met at Basle in 1889, and was organised by Yeo with Michael Foster

Yeo was elected Fellow of the Royal Society in 1889. He resigned his chair of physiology at King's College in 1890 and received the title of emeritus professor. He then retired to Totnes in Devon, and later to Fowey, where he devoted himself to yachting, fishing, and gardening. He died at Austin's Close, Harbertonford, Devon, on 1 May 1909 (Wikipedia)

1881 Census Place:Egham, Surrey, England

Gerald F. YEO M 36 M Ireland Head Prof of Physiology

Charlotte YEO M 31 F Lancaster Wife

Henry YEO M 64 M Ireland Visitor Father

Mary YEO 46 F Ireland Wife (*Step*) Mother

1901 census at Bowden House Totnes

Gerald Francis Yeo Head Married M 56 1845 Doctor Of Medicine Ireland

Augusta Frances Yeo Wife Married F 45 1856 Ireland

Avis Vyvyan Niece F 7 1894 St James, Cornwall

And 6 Servants

Generation 4 (cont.)

Note there were 3 other properties here Bowden Tollgate, Bowden Lodge and Bowden Stables for 3 families occupied by the families of an Agricultural Labourer. Coachman and Gardener all working for Gerald

1908 Gerald made a detailed will on 23 Nov 1908, the full text of which follows. The main beneficiaries were his second wife Augusta to whom he left what then must have been a large lifetime annuity of £1000 provided she remain a widow, and his son (by her) Sandford Helsham Yeo. In default, his estate was to devolve to Gerald's nephews and nieces, sons and daughters of his sisters. As will be seen, a detailed obituary in the British Medical Journal states Gerald was mourned by several sons. However, the present authors have identified only one such son, the said Sandford, and since in his will Gerald made no bequest to any other child, the present authors suggest the BMJ's obituary may be incorrect in this point.

THIS IS THE LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT of me Gerald Francis Yeo of Austins Close Harbertonford in the County of Devon Esquire MD FRS. I revoke all prior wills and instruments of a testamentary nature made by me. I appoint my nephew William Norman Tod of 7 Tithebarn Street Liverpool Esq and Norman Pringle Tod of Number 2 Royal Exchange Buildings London EC Esq to be the EXECUTORS and trustees of this my will (whom and the survivors of whom and the executors and administrators of such survivors and other the trustees or trustee for the time being of this my will are hereinafter when referred to in that capacity called my trustees or trustee).

I desire that my body shall be buried in the most convenient burial place and with the least possible expense consistent with common decency and that all funeral mourning and funeral ornament be dispensed with. I bequeath to the said Norman Pringle Tod and to my nephew William Norman Tod if they shall accept the office of executor and trustee of this my will the sum of one hundred pounds free of legacy duty. I devise bequeath and appoint all my real and personal estate not hereby otherwise disposed of unto my trustees or trustee Upon trust to permit my wife Augusta Frances Yeo to have the use and enjoyment of all my plate linen china glass books pictures prints furniture and other household effects motor and other carriages horses harness and stable furniture and garden implements during her life if she shall so long remain my widow without any liability on my said wife or my trustees or trustee for damage or wear and tear thereto and thereof. And from and after the death or re-marriage of my said wife (which first shall happen) then the same furniture effects and premises shall fall into and form part of my residuary estate.

And subject thereto upon trust as and when my trustees or trustee shall think fit to sell the said real estate and call in sell and convert into money such part of my personal estate as shall not consist of money. Provided always and I declare that my trustees or trustee may if they shall in their uncontrolled discretion think fit retain

Generation 4 (cont.)

any part or parts of my residuary estate in such state of investment as the same shall be in at my death for such time as they may in such discretion think fit without being answerable or accountable for any loss occasioned thereby. And I direct that until a sale of the real or leasehold estate of which I may die possessed my trustees or trustee may lease the same or any part or parts thereof for any term not exceeding twenty one years at the best rent to be reasonably obtained without taking a fine and may accept surrender of leases and tenancies and cut timber and expend money in repairs and improvements and generally manage the property according to their absolute discretion. And that the rents and profits thereof or so much thereof as for the time being remains unsold shall after payment thereof of all rates taxes costs of insurance repairs and other outgoings be paid and applied to the persons and in the manner to whom and in which the income of the produce thereof is hereinafter directed to be paid and applied. And I direct my trustees or trustee out of the money to arise from the sale calling in and conversion of my said real and personal estate and out of my ready money to pay my funeral and testamentary expenses and debts and the legacies bequeathed by this my will and the duty thereon and to invest the residue of the said moneys with power for my trustees or trustee at their or his discretion to vary the investments.

And to stand possessed of the residue of the said money and the investments for the time being representing the same (hereinafter called the residuary trust funds) In trust out of the income thereof to pay to my said wife during her life if she shall so long remain my widow an annuity of one thousand pounds and to pay the residue of such income to my son Sandford Helsham Yeo during the life and widowhood of my said wife and if she shall marry again then from and after her second marriage to pay to her an annuity of two hundred pounds. And from and after the death without having remarried of my said wife or (subject to the said annuity of two hundred pounds) from and after her remarriage In trust as to the whole of the residuary trust funds for my said son absolutely. But if my said son should die during the life and widowhood of my said wife leaving a child or children him surviving then In trust as to the whole of the residuary trust funds (subject to the annuity of one thousand pounds or two hundred pounds for the time being payable) for all the children of my said son who being sons shall attain the age of twenty one years or being daughters shall attain that age or marry under that age in equal shares and if there shall be only one such child the whole to be intrust for that one child. But if my said son shall die during the life and widowhood of my said wife without leaving a child or children him surviving then I direct my trustees or trustee to stand possessed of the residuary trust fund IN trust to pay the whole of the net income thereof to my said wife during her life if she shall so long remain my widow.

But if she shall marry again than from and after her second marriage to pay to her an annuity of one thousand pounds and to pay the residue of the said income to and among the persons for the time being entitled to share in the residuary trust funds on

Generation 4 (cont.)

the death of my said wife under the trust hereinafter contained and in the proportions in which they would for the time being be so entitled to share in the same. And In further trust as to the sum of five thousand pounds as my said wife shall if she shall die without having married again by will or codicil appoint.

And on the death of my said wife then as to as well the said sum of five thousand pounds (in default of and subject to any such appointment as aforesaid) as the remainder of the residuary trust funds In trust for all the following persons namely my nieces Aileen Kerslake Edith Dunning and Veronica Tod and my nephews Henry Gerald Yeo Charles Arthur Vivian Yeo Harry Bardswell Archibald Ashton Tod and William Norman Tod who being males have attained or shall attain the age of twenty one years or being females have attained or shall attain that age or have married or shall marry under that age in equal shares. Provided always that if any of them the said Aileen Kerslake Edith Dunning Veronica Tod Henry Gerald Yeo Charles Arthur Vivian Yeo Harry Bardswell Archibald Ashton Tod and William Norman Tod shall die in the lifetime of my said wife leaving issue born in my lifetime who shall survive my said wife then and in every such case such issue shall take (and if more than one equally between them) the share which his her or their parent would have taken of and in the residuary trust fund if such parent had survived my said wife and attained a vested interest.

I declare that any moneys to be invested under this my will may be invested in or upon any of the stocks authorised by the Trustee Act 1893 or in any stock of any British Railway Company which shall have paid a dividend for the last ten years previous to my decease without any intermission or in the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board Annuities and Bonds and Colonial Government securities not payable by Bond to Bearer. I direct that all gifts and bequests herein contained to females shall be for their use independently of any husband. I declare that the power of appointing a new trustee or trustees of this my will shall be vested in my wife during her life. And that my trustees or trustee may in their or his uncontrolled discretion instead of acting personally employ and pay a solicitor or any person to transact any business or do any act of whatever nature required to be done in the premises including the receipt and payment of money IN WITNESS whereof I have set my hand to this my will this twenty third day of November one thousand nine hundred and eight. GERALD F YEO

Signed by the before named Testator Gerald Francis Yeo as and for his last will and testament in the presence of us both present at the same time who at his request in his presence and in the presence of each other have hereunto subscribed our names as witnesses - the alteration on the first page hereof initialled by us and by the said Testator having been previously made J H HUTCHINGS, Solicitor, Teignmouth
L M KENNAWAY Solicitor Teignmouth

Generation 4 (cont.)

29th May 1909 Probate of this will was granted to William Norman Tod and Norman Pringle Tod the Executors

BE IT KNOWN THAT Gerald Francis Yeo of Austins Close Habertonford in the County of Devon died on the 1 May 1909 at Austins Close aforesaid AND BE IT FURTHER KNOWN that at the date hereunder written the last Will and Testament of the said deceased was proved and registered in the Principal Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice, and that the administration of all the estate which by law devolves to and vests in the personal representative of the said deceased was granted by the aforesaid court to William Norman Tod of 7 Tithebarn Street in the City of Liverpool Esquire nephew of the deceased (*son of William Tod and Amy Yeo*) and Norman Pringle Tod of 22 Finch Street in the City of London Esquire (Williams Brother), the Executors named in the said Will. Re-sworn £52,600 - 2sh - 0d Dated 29 May 1909 Gross value of estate £52,407 - 2sh - 0d Net value of personal estate £50,429 - 11sh - 8d

Authors Note: William Norman Tod above is presumed to have inherited most of this legacy as after his death in 1967 he left an estate of £40000 approx Please see his personal notes below

1909 8th May Obituary GERALD FRANCIS YEO, M.D., F.R.S. EMERITUS PROFESSOR OF PHYSIOLOGY, KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON.

WE much regret to announce the death of Dr. G. F. Yeo at the age of 64 years. Gerald Yeo, as he was usually known, was the second son of the late Henry Yeo, J.P., of Howth, Dublin, and was born in the year 1845. He received his early education at Dungannon School, Tyrone, and subsequently he went to Trinity College, Dublin, where he graduated as M.B. in 1867 and M.D. in 1871. In the latter year he was awarded the Gold Medal of the Pathological Society of Dublin for his essay on the diseases of the kidney. He started practice in Dublin, and became a teacher of anatomy in the university of that city; a year or two later he travelled and pursued further studies in *the Universities of Paris, Berlin, and Vienna, and in 1874 was appointed to the Chair of Physiology at King's College, London, where he succeeded the late Professor Rutherford who had received a similar appointment in Edinburgh University. At first he combined his work at King's College with that of Assistant Surgeon at King's College Hospital, but he soon relinquished the latter post, and devoted himself entirely to the duties of his Chair, which he held for sixteen years, resigning it in 1890. After his resignation the Council of King's Colleae bestowed upon him the title of Emeritus Professor.

Gerald Yeo was an enthusiastic worker, and fully maintained the high traditions of his Chair. During his Professorship he held a good many examinership, and produced his well-known Manual of Physiology, which became a popular students'

Generation 4 (cont.)

textbook, passing through six editions in less than ten years. He was not a voluminous writer of original papers, but all that he published was carefully thought out, and rested on the firm foundation of sound work. He is best known for his work performed in conjunction with Dr. Ferrier on the subject of cerebral localization in monkeys, a research which may truly be described as epoch-making. His other published papers related to the bile, the blood pigment, tissue respiration in the heart, muscle sounds, the graphic record of muscular contractions, and other subjects, the enumeration of which shows his versatility. Those interested in the antivivisection controversy will remember the struggle in which he and Dr. Ferrier were involved by an abortive attempt to prosecute them for their experiments on monkeys. Among other positions that Professor Yeo held we may mention that he was Vice-President of the Section of Anatomy and Physiology at the meeting of the British Medical Association held at Worcester in 1882; he was one of the Secretaries (the late Professor Roy being the other) of the Physiological Section of the International Medical Congress held in London in 1881, a post for which he was particularly suited not only on account of his capacity for hard work, but also because of his fluency in foreign tongues. The great success which attended this Section is to be very largely traced to his efforts. He is, perhaps, best known outside his Professorship as the first Secretary of the Physiological Society

In its early days this society was mainly a mutual protection society against the intrigues of the antivivisectionists but it gradually developed into what it is now a learned-society in the more usual acceptation of that term. Yeo was one of the founders of this society, and threw himself into its work with characteristic energy. He held the office of Secretary for a period of fifteen years. When he resigned the post in 1890 the society marked their esteem for himself and for his work which had always been carried through with unflinching tact, by the presentation to him of a beautiful silver tea service. It is to Yeo in conjunction with one of his greatest friends, Professor Kronecker of Berne, that we owe the inception of the international physiological congresses which have met every three years since the first, which was held at Basel in 1891.

But Gerald Yeo had hobbies outside of his science and dearly loved the country and country pursuits; he was a keen gardener, fisherman, and yachtsman and many of his physiological colleagues will remember their visits to him at his country home in Fowey, where he was, able to let them share with him his love of the sea. After he retired from King's College, he withdrew to Totnes, where he devoted himself almost entirely to country life, coming up to town only on rare occasions for meetings of scientific societies. He was elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1889. He was twice married, first to Charlotte, the only daughter of Mr. J. Kitchen, in 1873, and secondly to Augusta Frances, second daughter of Mr. Edward Hunt of Thomastown, co. Kilkenny. He leaves a widow and several sons to mourn his loss. A bare record of the career of Gerald Yeo such as the foregoing lines supply conveys

Generation 4 (cont.)

little or nothing of the character and charm of his personality. Like most Irishmen, he was a fluent speaker and an attractive lecturer; he was a delightful companion, and the stories with which he garnished his conversation, and which were related in inimitable brogue, will long be remembered by his friends. He brimmed over with good nature and generosity, and with all this was a keen observer and judge of human nature, and all his actions were actuated with sound common sense. The world is the poorer by his loss, and regret will be felt by all who knew him, and sympathy extended to those nearest and dearest to him. (*British Medical Journal*)

Notes for Augusta Frances Hunt:

1914 Eastbourne, Sussex Will of Augusta Frances Yeo, of 43, Silverdale Road, Eastbourne, widow, died 11 December, 1913 at 19, Jevington Gardens, Eastbourne. Probate granted to Sandford Helsham Yeo (son), Lieutenant in the Army. Effects £1164

Gerald Francis Yeo and Augusta Frances Hunt had the following child:

14. i. SANDFORD HELSHAM⁵ YEO was born on 18 Feb 1887 in Staines Area. He died on 13 Sep 1934 in Hastings, Sussex. He married (1) KATHERINE EMILY BARRY on 15 Oct 1910 in Knightbridge, London. She died on 29 Oct 1922 in Eastbourne. He married (2) OLIVE NEWPORT on 01 Jan 1923 in St.Martins in the Fields, London.
9. **EDITH ELISABETH⁴ YEO** (Henry³, Henry², Henry¹) was born about 1847 in Dublin. She died in 1878 in Lancashire. She married Henry Hodgson Bardswell, son of Charles Bardswell and Isabella Edmonds Hodgson, on 19 Sep 1866 in Howth, Dublin. He was born on 16 May 1837 in Liverpool. He died on 06 Mar 1921 in Southport.

Notes for Edith Elisabeth Yeo:

At her marriage she was recorded as a minor the “elder” daughter of Henry Yeo Esq of Howth

Notes for Henry Hodgson Bardswell:

1866 resident of Liverpool when stated on his marriage record

1871 England, Wales & Scotland Census Woolton Mount, Much Woolton, Lancs.

Generation 4 (cont.)

Henry H Bardswell Head -M 34 1837 Lancashire,
Edith E Bardswell Wife -F 24 1847 Ireland
Emily E Bardswell Daur F 1 1870 Lancashire,
Harry F Bardswell Son M 0 1871 Lancashire
and 3 Servants

1881 England, Wales & Scotland Census 33, Church Street, North Meols,
Ormskirk, Lancs

Henry H	Bardswell	Head Widower	M 44	1837	Cotton Broker	Liverpool
Isabella E	Bardswell	Sister Single	F 38	1843	Artist	Liverpool,
Emily E	Bardswell	Dau Single	F 11	1870	Scholar	Woolton,
Harry F	Bardswell	Son Single	M 10	1871	Scholar	Woolton,
Gerald R	Bardswell	Son Single	M 7	1874	Scholar	Woolton,

1881 A few years after the death of his wife Edith, Henry married Sarah Ellen Ainsworth in Ormskirk. They had one child together Hamilton Ainsworth Bardswell b1883 in Ormskirk. He died in France 30th Nov 1917

Hamilton Ainsworth Bardswell was born on the 28th February 1883. He attended Uppingham School from 1897 to 1900. He went to America in 1906 for Messrs Cunningham and Hinshaw, of Liverpool, Cotton Merchants. He married at Southport, 7th July 1908, Janet Neil, daughter of William Neil MacColl M.D., and had a daughter, Joan Hamilton, born 13th December 1910. He joined the Liverpool Scottish Regiment on the 8th May 1915 as a private No 7034, and was later gazetted 2nd Lieutenant in the 10th Liverpool's on the 24th October 1916, and Lieutenant in September 1917. Sec Lieut Bardswell served with the Expeditionary Force in France and Flanders from January 1917, was in fighting at Ypres during July, August and September 1917. He was reported wounded and missing after fighting at Epehy near Cambrai on the 30th November and was assumed to have been killed in action on or about that date. Hamilton's remains were not found, so he has no grave but is commemorated on Panel 4 of the Cambrai Memorial at Louverval. His medal card at the National Archives is unclear, but it appears Hamilton was posthumously awarded the Victory Medal

1891 England Census Albert Road, North Meols, Ormskirk, Lancs.

Sarah Ellen Bardswell	Wife Married	Female	44	1847	Wigan, Lancs
Harry Ferns Bardswell	Son Single	Male	20	1871	Cotton Broker Lancs
Hamilton A Bardswell	Son Single	Male	8	1883	Southport, Lancs
Edith Muriel Tod	Niece Single	Female	11	1880	Grassendale, Lancs
Archibald A Tod	Nephew Single	Male	9	1882	Grassendale, Lancs

Generation 4 (cont.)

1901 England Census 10, Albert Road, Southport, Ormskirk, Lancs

Henry H Barswell Head Mar Male 64 1837 Cotton Merchant Liverpool,
Sarah E Barswell Wife Mar Fem 54 1847 Wigan,
Harry F Barswell Son Sing Male 30 1871 Cotton Merchant Lancs

1911 Census For England & Wales 10 Albert Road Southport, Southport, Lancs

Henry H Bardswell Head Male 74 1837 Cotton Merchant & Broker, Liverpool
Sarah E Bardswell Wife Female 64 1847 Wigan

The census return shows they had been married for 29 years with one child, still living ie their son Hamilton Ainsworth Bardswell

1921 Henry Hodgson Bardswell of 10 Albert-Road, Southport Lancashire and of Liverpool Cotton Broker died 6th March 1921. Probate granted at Liverpool 27th May 1921 to Sarah Ellen Bardswell, Widow and Harry Ferns Bardswell, Cotton Broker. Effects £73970.4s 1d

Henry Hodgson Bardswell and Edith Elisabeth Yeo had the following children:

- i. EMILY EILEEN⁵ BARDSWELL was born on 01 Sep 1869 in Woolton, Lancs. She married James Monro Walker, son of Sir Andrew Barclay Walker Bart, on 09 Aug 1893.
- ii. HARRY FERNS BARDSWELL was born on 06 Dec 1870 in Woolton, Lancs.

Notes for Harry Ferns Bardswell:

1908 In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his nephew Harry

- iii. GERALD ROSCOE BARDSWELL was born on 07 Dec 1873 in Woolton, Lancs. He died in Southport. He married an unknown spouse in 1881 in Ormskirk.

Notes for Gerald Roscoe Bardswell:

10. **AMY⁴ YEO** (Henry³, Henry², Henry¹) was born about 1853 in Dublin. She died on 10 Dec 1930 in Batheaston, Somerset. She married William Tod, son of Archibald Tod and Harriet Earle, on 12 Feb 1878 in Dublin North. He was born on 25 Jul 1853 in Woolton, Lancs. He died on 19 Jul 1927 in Liverpool.

Notes for Amy Yeo:

Generation 4 (cont.)

We have found no baptism record for Amy, though UK census records consistently give her job as about 1853 in Dublin. Amy was another member of the Yeo branch of Ireland to marry into a wealthy family. She married William Tod in Dublin North on 12 Feb 1878. William's occupation was stated as Stockbroker, and his father as Archibald Tod, Stockbroker. Amy - her surname rendered as YOE - was recorded as the daughter of Henry YEO Esq. Bride and groom were both of full age, and it appears that the witnesses were their respective fathers. Amy was to bear him four children, all of whom survived into adulthood. We can trace Amy in her married life through the censuses for England & Wales - see notes below for her husband William.

Amy Tod of Little Court, Batheaston, Somerset died on 10 Dec 1930. The Bath Chronicle and Weekly Gazette reported that her funeral was held at Batheaston Church, where a lesson was read by the Rev Walter Tod, one of her husband's younger brothers. Her elder daughter (Edith) Lady Denning, wife of Sir Leonard Denning recently retired as HM Inspector of Constabulary was stated to be a frequent visitor to Bath. Also among the congregation were Col A A Tod and Mr Norman Tod, sons; Mr Richard Fyffe, grandson; Sir Leonard Dunning and Mr Alan Fyffe, sons-in-law; Rev Walter Tod and Col G R Tod, brothers-in-law. The following day, her remains were conveyed by rail to Liverpool where they were interred. (*Presumably with her husbands grave?*)

Following her husband's death in 1927, Amy apparently inherited a large shareholding in the Great Western Railway worth almost £29,000. Her estate was left to her four children, with legacies of £250 and £100 to her domestic servants and £100 to her gardener. Probate of her will was granted in London on 22 Jan 1931 to William Norman Tod, stock and share broker & Archibald Ashton Tod, Lieutenant Colonel, HM Army. (ie her two sons) Effects £28,964 0sh 11d

Notes for William Tod:

1853: William was born on 12 June 1853 and baptised 25 July 1853 in Woolton, Lancs. William was descended from a prominent Scottish family reaching back to Archibald Tod born in Edinburgh in 1758, the son of Thomas Tod of Drygrange, who married Elizabeth Pringle. The family seat in Scotland was at Drygrange near Melrose, and William's father Archibald was to name his own residence in Lancashire Drygrange too. Elizabeth's maiden name was reflected in the forename of William's younger brother, Norman Pringle Tod born ca 1858

1861 census: William Tod aged 4 born Childwall, Lancs was living at Woolton Grange, Much Woolton with his parents Archibald Tod 49 Stockbroker born Scotland & Harriet 31 born Liverpool, and his siblings Archibald 9, Mary 6,

Generation 4 (cont.)

Norman P 3 and George 1. The household was completed by 5 servants and a groom.

1871 census: William Tod 17 single East India Merchant was living at The Grange Woolton, with his mother Harriet, widow, aged 40 born Liverpool and his siblings Archibald 19 Apprentice Cotton Broker; Mary 16; Norman P 13; George R 11; Magdalene 9; Eliza 7; Walter 5; Harriet E 3: and Grisel A 1. Also living in the household were a governess, 7 servants and a groom.

1881 census: William Tod 27 Stockbroker born Woolton Lancs, his wife Amy 28 born Ireland and their daughter Edith M Tod aged 1 born Grassendale were living at Grassendale, Garston, Lancs. Living with them were three household servants

1891 census: William Tod aged 37 Stock & Share Broker b Woolton, Lancs, wife Amy 38 born Dublin and son William N Tod aged 5 born Woolton were living at The Riffel, Woolton Park, Much Woolton. Living with them were five household servants.

1901 census: William Tod aged 47 Stock & Share Broker b Woolton, Lancs, wife Amy 47 born Ireland and daughters Edith M Tod 21 single b Grassendale and Veronica 9 born Woolton were living at The Riffel, Woolton Park, Much Woolton. Living with them were Cecilia Hutchinson 49 b India, Professor of Music and six household servants.

1911 census: William was apparently not at home on the night of the census. Amy Tod aged 58 born Dublin Ireland and her son William Norman Tod 25 single Stock Broker born Woolton, Liverpool were living at Drygrange, Allerton, Liverpool. The census return states that Amy had been married for 33 years with four children, all still living. The household was completed by 7 household servants, and Drygrange was recorded as having 19 rooms.

1927: From 1875 up to his death in 1927, William's name appears regularly in his professional capacity in the records of shareholders of the Great Western Railway. A record therein from 1927 states he died at Drygrange on 19th July 1927. His death aged 74 is recorded in Liverpool district in 1927 Q3, a close match with his actual birth in 1853.

1936: William's younger brother Norman Pringle Tod also features frequently in the register of shareholders in the GWR between 1902 and 1929. Norman died aged 78 in Bromley, Kent in 1936 Q1. Probate of his will was granted at Liverpool 9th May to William Norman Tod, Stock and Share Broker and Archibald Ashton Tod retired Colonel HM (ie his two nephews) to whom he left a large fortune. Effects £195,026

Generation 4 (cont.)

William Tod and Amy Yeo had the following children:

- i. EDITH MURIEL⁵ TOD was born on 14 Sep 1879 in Grassendale, Liverpool. She died on 25 Dec 1952 in Vevey, Vaud, Switzerland. She married Leonard Dunning on 19 Nov 1902 in Woolton, Lancs. He was born about 1860.

Notes for Edith Muriel Tod:

Edith Muriel Tod was baptised 14 Sept 1879 in Grassendale, Lancs. She married Leonard Dunning aged 42, Head Constable of Liverpool, son of Simon Dunning, Solicitor in Woolton, Lancs on 19 Nov 1902. In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his niece Edith Dunning. In the local newspaper report of her mother's funeral in 1930, Edith is referred to as Lady Denning, wife of Sir Leonard Denning, HM Inspector of Constabulary. A family tree in the public domain states Edith died in Vevey, Vaud, Switzerland on 25 Dec 1952 but we have not verified this.

- ii. ARCHIBALD ASHTON TOD was born on 17 Dec 1881 in Grassendale, Liverpool. He died on 15 Jan 1946 in Kensington. He married Helen M M Crowe in 1914 in Farnham.

Notes for Archibald Ashton Tod:

Archibald Ashton Tod was baptised 17 Dec 1881 in Grassendale, Lancs. He was educated at Eton and played in the Eton XI v Harrow at Lords in 1899 and 1900, narrowly missing out on a century in the later game. (Wisden's list of obituaries for 1946) After Eton, he was to forge a career in the army and in the 1901 census he is listed aged 19 as a Gentleman Cadet at Sandhurst. After Sandhurst, Archibald served in the Boer War with the 2nd Battalion The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own) and was a Station Officer.

In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his nephew Archibald Ashton Tod.

At some point his unit mobilised to India, and in the 1911 UK census Lt Archibald Ashton Tod aged 29 and single was based with the 2nd Battalion The Rifle Brigade at Fort William, Calcutta. On 13 March 1912, he was appointed ADC to the Rt Hon Lord Hardinge, Viceroy and Governor General of India who served 1910-1916. (*Harts Army List for 1915 - sic*). This appointment probably involved a move from the

Generation 4 (cont.)

debilitating climate of Bengal to the cooler climes in the uplands of Simla, the address he gave when in 1913 he was one of the founder members of the Delhi Gymkhana Club. A member of the Rifle Brigade polo team, he also served as a club committee member alongside not one but two maharajas, so he evidently moved in very select circles.

It appears that the following year he returned to England, where he married Helen M M Crowe in Farnham in 1914 Q4. We don't have a full record of Archibald's service in WW1. He commanded a company at Sandhurst during the busy period of turning out cadets. He also served in France as Major in the 8th Battalion The Rifle Brigade, his medal card showing he entered the war there on 3 May 1915, though it is not clear if he remained engaged in the field. But on 27 April 1918 and probably during the German spring offensive of that year, he was captured at Berry au Bac, just a few miles north-west of Reims, and became a prisoner of war. He was later promoted to Lt Colonel commanding the 2nd Battalion on the transfer of the incumbent Lt Col Burnell-Nugent DSO OBE.

Archibald died on 15 Jan 1946 aged 64. He was then living at 20 Hans Court, Brompton Road, Kensington. Probate was granted at Liverpool on 16 April to William Norman Tod Stock & Share Broker (ie his son) and Benjamin Arkle MC retired Lieutenant Colonel HM Army. Effects £40,843 - 6sh - 4d.

- iii. WILLIAM NORMAN TOD was born on 28 Mar 1886 in Woolton, Lancs. He died on 12 Sep 1967 in Morecambe. He married Irma Mary Alice Downes-Martin in 1914 in St Martin-in-the-Fields. She was born about 1895. She died on 14 Jun 1986 in County Tipperary.

Notes for William Norman Tod:

1886 William Norman Tod was born 1 Mar 1886 and bapt 28 March 1886 in Woolton.

1908 In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his nephew William Norman Tod.

1914 William married Irma Mary Alice Downes-Martin at St Martin-in-the-Fields, London in 1914 Q4.

11th Dec 1967 William Norman Tod of 12 Wallings Lane, Silverdale, Lancs who was last seen alive on the 11th Sept 1967 and whose dead

Generation 4 (cont.)

body was found on 12th Sept 1967 at Headways Hotel, Marine Road, Morecambe, Lancs. Probate Liverpool 20th November to Augustus Norman Tod, Stockbroker and Thomas Dennys De Paiva Arkle, Solicitor £40170

Notes for Irma Mary Alice Downes-Martin:

Irma Mary Alice Tod of Balybeg House, Littleton, Thurles, County Tipperary Ireland died in 14th June 1986 Probate Liverpool 17th May 1988 £5211

- iv. VERONICA TOD was born on 21 Jun 1891 in Woolton, Lancs. She died in 1961 in Stroud, Gloucs. She married Alan Herbert Fyffe, son of Charles Alan Fyffe, on 11 Oct 1911 in Woolton, Lancs.

Notes for Veronica Tod:

Veronica Tod was born on 22 May 1891 and baptised on 21 June 1891 in Woolton. In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his niece Veronica Tod. She married Alan Herbert Fyffe, Land Agent, son of Charles Alan Fyffe deceased, on 11 Oct 1911 in Woolton. Veronica death is recorded in Stroud, Gloucestershire in 1961 Q2 aged 70

1908 In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his niece Veronica

11. **EDMUND GORE⁴ YEO** (Henry³, Henry², Henry¹) was born about 1856 in Dublin. He died on 12 Sep 1923 in Bayswater. He married Emily Louisa Kermode on 14 Oct 1885 in Caulfield, Victoria, Australia. She was born in 1860 in Kensington, London. She died on 14 May 1932 in Kensington, London.

Notes for Edmund Gore Yeo:

1866 18th Dec When his unnamed daughter was registered he was living at The Tansey, Ceanchor, Howth, Dublin, his father Henry's house

1911 Census For England & Wales

Mon Caprice St Saviour Jersey, St Saviour, Jersey, Channel Islands

Edmond Gore Yeo	Married	M 50	1861	Priv Means	Houth Dublin
Emily Louisa Gore Yeo	Wife Married	F 43	1868		London
Gladys Eliz Gore Yeo	Dau Single	F 21	1890	Houth Co	Dublin Ireland
Henry D Gore Yeo	Son Single	M 19	1892	Artist	Melbourne Australia
Valerie Mignon G Yeo	Dau Single	F 18	1893		Zurich Switzerland

Generation 4 (cont.)

The census return states that Edmund and Emily had been married 22 years, and had 4 children all still living.

1923 12 December Died Bayswater aged 67

1924 Edmond Gore Bayswater, London Admin of the effects of Edmond Gore Yeo of 3, Kildare Gardens, Bayswater, died 12 December, 1923, to Emily Louise Gore Yeo, widow. Effects £520

Notes for Emily Louisa Kermode:

1860 GRO Vol 1A p14 Q3 Kensington

1932: We find a credible match for the death of Emily L G Yeo aged 72 in 1932 Q2 in Kensington district.

1932 Kensington: Admin of the effects of Emily Louisa, Gore-Yeo, of 27, Lexham Gardens, Kensington Middx, widow, died 14 May, 1932 to Robert Henry Desmond Gore Yeo, artist. Effects £375

Edmund Gore Yeo and Emily Louisa Kermode had the following children:

- i. UNNAMED GORE⁵ YEO was born on 18 Dec 1866 in Howth, Dublin.
- ii. GLADYS ELISABETH YEO was born about 1890 in Howth, Dublin.
- iii. ROBERT HENRY DESMOND GORE YEO was born about 1892 in Melbourne, Australia. He died in 1941.
- iv. VALERIE MIGNON GORE YEO was born about 1893 in Switzerland.
- v. CYRIL FREDERICK GORE YEO was born about 1895 in Italy.

Notes for Cyril Frederick Gore Yeo:

1911 census Cyril Frederick Gore YEO Boarder Single M 16 1895 Italy
San Reems Resident School Nottinghamshire 34 London Road Retford
Ordsall East Retford

12. **CONSTANCE MARY⁴ YEO** (Thomas Frederick³, Henry², Henry¹) was born on 16 Nov 1859 in Uplands, Monkstown, Dublin. She died on 08 Aug 1951 in Australia. She married Ernest Macartney De Burgh, son of Rev William De Burgh and Janette Macartney, on 20 Mar 1888 in Woollabra, New South Wales, Australia. He was born on 18 Jan 1863 in Sandymount, Dublin. He died on 03 Apr 1929 in Vauclose, Sydney, New South Wales.

Notes for Constance Mary Yeo:

Generation 4 (cont.)

1859 The birth of a daughter at Uplands, Monkstown Dublin to the the wife of Thomas Frederick Yeo was announced in the Southern Reporter and Cork Commercial Courier 16 November 1859 We believe this to be the birth of Constance Mary

1888 At some point, Constance moved to Australia where she married Ernest de Burgh on the 29th March 1888

1904 Ernest, Una, Constance & Hugo De Burgh had a photo taken in the grounds of "Uplands" Station Road Meadowbank, Australia December 1904. As Uplands in Dublin was the Yeo family home in Monkstown Ireland, this surely leaves no doubt that this is Fredericks daughter Constance Two of the children were Una & Hugo in the online photo. (De Burgh, Ernest Macartney, 1863-1929 (1904). Ernest, Una, Constance & Hugo De Burgh in the grounds of "Uplands" Station Road Meadowbank, December 1904 [photograph]).

<https://trove.nla.gov.au/work/191373671>

1930 After Ernest died in 1929, she returned to Britain briefly, returning to Australia as a first class passenger aboard the Commonwealth & Dominion Line vessel *Port Adelaide* on 9 Sept 1930, her age given as 70. Constance survived him along with two sons and a daughter. Hugo, Thomas also an engineer with MWS&DB and Una.

1951 8th August Constance Mary's death reported Australia, Newspaper Vital Notices, 1831-2001 Publication Place: Sydney, New South Wales, Australia

Notes for Ernest Macartney De Burgh:

De Burgh was the youngest son of the Rev. William de Burgh, D.D., and his wife Janette, née Macartney. He was born at Sandymount, County Dublin, Ireland. He was educated at Rathmines school and the Royal College of Science for Ireland, and was for some time employed on railway construction in Ireland.

Engineering in Australia

De Burgh then migrated to Australia, arriving in Melbourne on the *Orient* 21 March 1885 Travelling to Sydney de Burgh immediately obtained a position in the New South Wales public works department and was engaged on survey work for Sydney's southern outfall sewer In 1887 he was sent to the countryside in charge of the construction of steel bridges, and eventually became engineer of bridges. He was in this capacity responsible for several bridges over the Murray, Murrumbidgee,

Generation 4 (cont.)

Lachlan, Hunter and other rivers. He was also responsible for the Hampden Bridge over the Kangaroo River.

In 1903 de Burgh became acting principal assistant engineer of water supply and sewerage, a year later visited Europe to study dam construction and water supply, and after his return did important work in connexion with the Burrinjuck Dam and Murrumbidgee irrigation scheme. He was appointed chief engineer for harbours and water supply in 1909, and in 1913 chief engineer for water supply and sewerage. He designed and supervised the construction of the great reservoirs for the Sydney water supply at Cataract, Cordeaux, Avon, and Nepean, for the Chichester scheme for Newcastle district, and the Umberumberka scheme at Broken Hill. While he was chief engineer for harbours, he directed the design of the No.1. Jetty at Port Kembla, a coal jetty and ship loader of an advanced design for its time

Later life and legacy

De Burgh was a member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, London, and was twice winner of the Telford premium. De Burghs Bridge over the Lane Cove River, Sydney, is named for him. The De Burgh Dam near the Burrinjuck Dam was also named after him. The dam is considered to be the first reinforced-concrete thin arch dam in Australia

De Burgh retired on 22 November 1927 and died of tuberculosis at Vaucluse, Sydney on 3 April 1929. Wikipedia

Ernest Macartney De Burgh and Constance Mary Yeo had the following children:

- i. MICK FRANCIS⁵ DE BURGH was born in 1891. He died on 02 Jan 1892 in Mittagong, New South Wales, Australia.

Notes for Mick Francis De Burgh:

Mick Francis de Burgh. Mick Francis was born in 1891. His death at Mittagong on 2 Jan 1892 aged just 6 months was recorded in The Sydney Morning Herald of 5 Jan 1892.

- ii. HUGO MACARTNEY DE BURGH.
- iii. THOMAS HUBERT MACARTNEY DE BURGH.
- iv. UNA MACARTNEY DE BURGH.

Generation 5

13. AILEEN MARY⁵ YEO (Henry Vivian⁴, Henry³, Henry², Henry¹) was born on 18 May 1871 in Dublin. She married William Joseph Kerslake in 1900 in Dublin South. He was born about 1862 in Wales.

Notes for Aileen Mary Yeo:

Generation 5 (cont.)

1908 In his will of Nov 1908, Gerald Francis Yeo left a legacy to his niece Aileen Kershaw

1911 Ireland Census Dublin, Ireland

William Joseph Kerslake	Head of Family	Married 39	1862	Wales
Aileen Mary Kerslake	Wife	Married 29	1872	Dublin
Ethel Margaret Kerslake	Daughter	Single 13	1888	England
Occupation	Commercial Traveller Boots			
Townland/Street	Alma Terrace Dublin			

William Joseph Kerslake and Aileen Mary Yeo had the following child:

i. ETHEL MARGARET⁶ KERSLAKE.

14. **SANDFORD HELSHAM⁵ YEO** (Gerald Francis⁴, Henry³, Henry², Henry¹) was born on 18 Feb 1887 in Staines Area. He died on 13 Sep 1934 in Hastings, Sussex. He married (1) **KATHERINE EMILY BARRY** on 15 Oct 1910 in Knightbridge, London. She died on 29 Oct 1922 in Eastbourne. He married (2) **OLIVE NEWPORT** on 01 Jan 1923 in St.Martins in the Fields, London.

Notes for Sandford Helsham Yeo:

1887 GRO Birth Staines Area

1901 census: It appears he may have been named Gerald Sandford Helsham Yeo, though he did not use the forename Gerald in later life. We find a credible entry in the 1901 census for Gerald S H Yeo aged 14 born Staines, Middlesex as a boarder at Eton School. The Register of Old Etonians who served in WW1 records that Captain Sandford Yeo left Eton in 1903 and served with the Devonshire Regiment in France and the Balkans, and was wounded (see also below)

1908: Sandford, his date of birth recorded as 18 Feb 1887, joined the army as 2nd Lieutenant in the Devonshire Regiment on 7 Oct 1908. (Quarterly Army List for 31 Dec 1914 (sic), Part 2)

1910: Sandford of the Devonshire Regiment married Katherine Emily Barry at St Paul's Knightsbridge on 15 October. Katherine was the eldest daughter of the late James Hewitt Barry of Dilkoosh, Sydenham-Hill, Calcutta and London, & Mrs Barry

.

1911: Sandford was listed in the graduation list of officers promoted to Lieutenant

Generation 5 (cont.)

on 1 April 1911 (Quarterly Army List for 31 Dec 1913 (sic), Part 2)

1911: He was recorded still as Second Lieutenant, aged 24 serving with the 2nd Battalion, Devonshire Regiment at St George's Barracks, Malta. His status was recorded as single, though he was then married - perhaps a reflection that Katherine did not accompany him to Malta.

1913 When granted Probate after his mothers death he was recorded as a Lieutenant in HM Army

1914/1918: We don't have a full listing of Sandford's army service during WW1 and the actions he was involved in, though we do have fragmentary records. Supernumerary Lt Sandford H Yeo was recorded as restored to the establishment of the Devonshire Regiment on 20 August 1914 (Supplement to the London Gazette 19 Sept 1914, p 7464). His medal card (see below) states he disembarked in France on 22 Aug 1914, where the Devons formed part of the British Expeditionary Force. The Devons were engaged in early actions at La Bassee Canal, Hill 60 and later on the Somme, though we can't be sure if Sandford was personally involved in all or indeed any of these battles. An account of the 1st Battalion the Devons in WW1 can be found here: See for instance the website of <https://www.keepmilitarymuseum.org/>

We have found no record of Sandford's being wounded as is stated in the Old Etonians record cited above. However he was hospitalised with colitis for 3 weeks in January 1915 at the Empire Hospital - this may be the establishment in Vincent Square, London which later became a specialist neurological centre

On 10 June 1915, Sandford H Yeo was included in a list of lieutenants and temporary captains to be promoted to Captains supernumerary to establishment. (Supplement to London Gazette, 10 June 1915 p 5951)

We have no further record of Sandford's service until his medal card, which shows he was awarded the 1914 Star, the British War Medal and the Victory Medal. Application for his 1914 star was made in April 1918 whilst serving with the 2nd Battalion. On applying for his WW1 medals he gave his address as 2nd Battalion Devons, Quetta, Baluchistan, then in India, now in Pakistan.

1921 Sandford, his wife Kathleen E Yeo and daughter Kathleen B Yeo (mis-recordings for Katherine in both cases), first class passengers, arrived in London aboard the P&O vessel *Morea* on 22 Feb 1921. The voyage originated in Sydney, and the Yeos embarked in Bombay, their place of residence stated as Baluchistan. Apparently travelling with them was Irene R Willis, spinster, who may have been a maid to the family.

Generation 5 (cont.)

1922: Unfortunately, Katherine did not long survive the family's return to England. We find a credible match for her death aged 39 in Eastbourne, Sussex recorded as Katharine E Yeo. Administration with the will attached of Katherine Emily Yeo who died on 29 October 1922 at Eastbourne was granted on 28 June 1923 to Charles Steele-Steele Perkins (*sic*), one of the duly constituted attorneys in India of Sandford Helsham Yeo, the sole Executor, value of the estate £44,480.

1923 married Olive Newport he was then Captain of the late Devonshire Regiment and a widower On his marriage certificate he was noted as son of GERAL FRANCIS YEO deceased, Doctor of Medicine

1931 Sandford divorced Olive in 1931, apparently on the grounds of adultery with co-respondent James Arthur Dermot Dempsey (National Archives record J77/2966/1636)

1934/5 Sandford Helsham Stanford in the Vale, Foringdon, Berks Admon of the effects of Sandford Helsham Yeo of the White House, Stanford in the Vale, Foringden, Berks, died 13 December, 1934 at 2, de Cham Road, Hastings to Katherine Beatrice Helsham Yeo, spinster. Effects £3,559 Resworn £3514

Notes for Katherine Emily Barry:

1883 Q1 Katharine was the eldest daughter of James Hewitt Barry and his wife Katharine Vincent M Barry nee James. Her parents were married in Croydon in 1882 Q2. The GRO records the birth of Katharine Emily Barry mother maiden name James in Camberwell

1891 census the family were living in Worthing, Sussex. Her father James H Barry aged 39 was recorded as a Tea Merchant born in the East Indies. Katharine aged 8 was a scholar, her birthplace recorded as Dulwich (SE London), and had three younger sisters. Her mother was apparently not present on the night of the census. The household was completed by a French governess, seven domestic servants and a coachman.

Sandford Helsham Yeo and Katherine Emily Barry had the following child:

- i. KATHERINE BEATRICE HELSHAM⁶ YEO was born in 1913 in Kensington, London. She married RICHARD G M DARWELL.

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